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THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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GOVERNOR KITCHIN ANSWERS HIS CRITICS

Issues Lenghty Reply to Misenheimer-Lockhart Letters and News and Observer Editorial--Defends Record on Trust Regulation--Says Record Should Stand Against Assertions of His Enemies

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, N. C., July 22.—Governor Kitchin issued today his expected reply to the attacks made on him in the Raleigh morning paper, through the M. L. Misinheimer—J. A. Lockhart letter and the editorial of Editor Josephus Daniels, impeaching the sincerity of the Governor in his anti trust professions as contradicted by his course since he has been Governor. The reply comprises eight typewritten pages, a number of quotations from his inaugural address and messages to the Legislature being close lined. The Governor says:

Editor News and Observer:

I have this to say in reply to the joint attack of yourself and Messrs. Misinheimer and Lockhart which is in accord with other unfair attacks on your part.

When the Legislature of 1909 met I was hopeful that a thorough anti-trust bill would pass. After learning the sentiment of the Senate, I became thoroughly satisfied that it was impossible to get an trust measure through the Senate beyond the requirements of the platform. On the night of February 1, 1909, one of the best informed gentlemen of the Senate said to me that when the Lockhart bill came from the committee, after his speech, a motion to lay the bill on the table would be made and carried, and that would end the trust legislation for that session. A Senator present shared that opinion. I promptly replied that that would never do and read the platform to them and declared that its requirements must be performed. They both agreed with me. The Lockhart bill had been some time prior thereto introduced. A short time thereafter Senator Lockhart, upon my request, came to see me with Senator Nimocks, to talk over the situation—the only conference I ever had with these two gentlemen. Our conference was full, frank, and unreserved, all of us agreeing on what ought to be done and all doubtful whether anything could be done. And I have a copy of a letter written on April 6, 1909, within thirty days after the Legislature adjourned, which compelled me then to recall that conference, and I remember much of it.

I asked Senator Lockhart what were the chances of his bill passing the Senate. He replied that, counting all the doubtful men, he could muster only 22 Senators in its support. I stated that from my talk with various Senators, I had also concluded that we could not secure the passage of his bill. I distinct-

(Continued on Page Three.)

PROSECUTION IN GOMPERS CONTEMPT CASE

Special to Telegram.

Washington, July 22.—Aid in prosecuting Samuel Gompers and other American Federation of Labor officials for alleged contempt of court before Justice Wright in the District Supreme court of Washington will not be given by the Department of Justice, representing the administration. Justice Wright has been advised, it is reported, that the department has no desire to take a part in prosecuting the labor leaders and will not have a representative to assist the committee in the prosecution.

Gates Passes Restless Night.

Special to Telegram.

Paris, July 22.—John W. Gates passed a restless night but fell into a sound sleep today and the condition of his heart gave added encouragement to his physicians.

Taft Off For Beverly.

Special to Telegram.

Washington, July 22.—President Taft left this afternoon for Beverly to take a week end holiday with his family. He was accompanied by Major Butte. He will leave the Massachusetts resort Monday night, arriving here in time for business on Tuesday.

REVOLUTIONISTS WILL DOUBTLESS WIN OUT IN HAITI

Recapture of Government Gun Boat Affords Only Ray of Hope for Simon.

Special to Telegram.

Port Au Prince, Haiti, July 22.—A ray of hope for the government is found in the news today that the gunboat Bertieres, which was recently taken by the insurgents at Conaives has been recaptured by the cruiser Antoine Simon. The gunboat was overhauled between Conaives and St. Mark and surrendered without resistance when a shot was fired by the cruiser. The Bertieres was brought back here.

Washington, July 22.—President Simon's government is fast falling before the uninterrupted march of the revolutionary movement in Hayti, states a cablegram from American Minister Furniss at Port au Prince, who says the crumbling of the administration is almost in sight.

Mr. Furniss advised the State Department that all representatives of foreign powers in Haiti believed the presence of foreign warship at Port au Prince absolutely necessary.

The American gunboat Petrel, now in Haiti, is at the capital. Mr. Furniss was informed that the protected cruiser Des Moines is proceeding at top speed to Port au Prince and will probably arrive Monday.

Berlin, July 22.—The German minister to Haiti has asked the government to send a ship to those waters to protect German interests. No decision has been reached as the crisis would be over before the cruiser Bremen could arrive at Hayti from Montreal and no other German warships are available for the mission.

Normal Institute Closes.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, July 22.—The special normal for the workers who will lecture and demonstrate in the farmers institutes that are to be held during August in every part of the state under the direction of the state department of agriculture with T. B. Parker as director, closed a three days session today having scored the most gratifying sucess. Discussions today in the normal for the men included methods of impressing on farmers the proper care of stock and cattle, this being followed by a final survey of best methods of conducting institutes generally. There will be six parties of institute workers in the field, going into every section of the state. They start out the last week in July and will be out all during August.

MOHAMMED MIRZA DEFEATS GOVERNMENT TROOPS.

Special to Telegram.

Kerchan, Persia, July 22.—Mohammed Ali Mirza, the ex-Psha of Persia is reported to have been overwhelmingly defeated a strong force of government troops and his way isclear for march to capital. Many are joining forces as a result of victory.

UPRISING IN ARMENIA; MASSACRES THREATENED.

Special to Telegram.

Constantinople, July 22.—Massacres are threatened in Armenia. The Turkish government is alarmed by news that Armenians are uprising. The government admits the danger, but says all the troops are needed in Albania and Arabia and it will be necessary for the Armenians to fight their own battles.

New Ambassador to Berlin May Be Chosen by President Taft From the Diplomatic Ranks.

One of the men whose portraits are here printed may be Dr. Hill's successor as ambassador to Germany. Announcement of the appointment is expected during August, and it is believed that President Taft will make his selection from among the present diplomatic ranks. The chief names under consideration for the post are Ambassador Thomas J. O'Brien at Tokyo, Ambassador John G. A. Leishman at Rome, Ambassador Robert Bacon at Paris, Minister John B. Jackson at Havana and Minister Charles H. Sherrill at Buenos Aires, Argentina.

GILBERT PEARSON RESIGNS AS STATE AUDUBON SECRETARY

Executive Committee Selects P. D. Gold, Jr., to Fill the Vacancy

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, July 22.—The executive committee of the North Carolina Audubon Society at meeting just held here accepted the resignation of Prof. T. Gilbert Pearson as secretary, he having become secretary of the National Audubon Society with headquarters in New York. P. D. Gold, Jr., is elected secretary in his place. Other officers of the society which has headquarters in Raleigh now instead of Greensboro are: Dr. R. H. Lewis, President; Ex.-Gov. C. B. Aycock, Vice President; other executive committeemen, H. H. Brimley, W. H. Williamson; Rev. Melton Clark and C. M. Stedman, Greensboro; E. L. Travis, Halifax. The society is maintaining a motor boat on the sounds, for the protection of seabirds. A book on "North Carolina Bird Life" is to soon be published.

The Lorimer Hearing.

Special to Telegram.

Washington, July 22.—The activities of Edward Hines, whose name has been linked with the election of Senator Lorimer, to influence the vote last spring were inquired into today by the Senate Lorimer committee. Hines testified today that he called on President Brown, of the New York Central, during the fight in the Senate. Hines was asked if he was seeking to influence the vote of senators.

APPEARS THAT WETS WON IN TEXAS FIGHT

Special to Telegram.

Austin, Texas, July 22.—Incomplete returns from today's election indicate a defeat for the prohibitionists. Final results will probably not be available before Monday. Only the larger cities have been heard from so far.

Gas Companies Absorbed.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, July 22.—The Carolina Power and Light Company, of Raleigh, having absorbed the Standard Gas and Electric Company, Raleigh, and the Henderson Light and Power Company, amendments to the charters of these corporations are just filed decreasing the capital stock to the nominal sum of $1,000 the former from $45,000 and the latter from $25,000. The purpose is to simply maintain organization as a subsidiary corporation. The people of Raleigh [illegible] for material reduction of the $1.50 per thousand feet on fuel gas by the new company, but the only change the new management has made is to advance the rate to $2 per thousand feet and allow a discount of 25 per cent if paid by the tenth of the month, thus in consideration of prompt payment, permitting the enjoyment of the same old rate that has been in force for many years. Many insist that the rate should certainly not be more than $1 per thousand feet.

PLAN FOR FLEET FAVORED BY PRESIDENT.

Special to Telegram.

Washington, July 22.—President Taft has written a letter of encouragement to E. Grosvenor Dawes, managing director of the Southern Commercial Congress, relative to the plan of Southern capitalists of the Mississippi valley for a $1,000,000 corporation to operate a fleet of steamers from New Orleans to South American countries when the Panama canal is completed.

BUMPER CROPS OF CORN, GRAINS AND COTTON IN STATE

Prospective Reports to Raleigh Paper Are Quite Encouraging.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, July 22.—Special reports from every section of North Carolina procured by the Raleigh morning paper as to the crop conditions indicate that this state has practically assured bumper crops of corn and cotton and grains, while the outlook for tobacco is rather discouraging. The increase in the corn yield is sure to be something immense and is due largely to the special campaign that the state department of agriculture has carried on for several years for better cultivation and proper seed selection. The "prize acres" and the demonstration tracts that the co-operation of the farmers and the state department and the national agricultural department of agriculture have extended into every part of the state have a very great and steadily extending influence in farming methods and management generally.

Another Cholera Victim.

Special to Telegram.

New York, July 22.—Cholera claimed another victim today among the patients at the hospital on Swineburne Island in the lower bay. The death of Demetrio Anagnoston, 17 years of age, reported there make the total deaths in quarantine 19. He was a steerage passenger from Naples. No new cases of cholera were reported among the patients undergoing examination.

VOTE ON RECIPROCITY BILL WAS 53 TO 27

President's Pet Measure Went Through Senate by Big Majority--All Amendments Voted Down--Bill Will Not Become a Law Before Wednesday, as it Must be Engrosed in House.

Special to Telegram.

Washington, July 22.—The Canadian reciprocity bill passed the Senate without amendment today by a vote of 53 to 27. All amendments had previously been defeated. It becomes a law upon the President's signature, the bill being the measure that passed the House. However, the bill cannot become a law until next Wednesday, on account of the fact that the House was not in session this afternoon, having adjourned until Wednesday, and will have to engross it. The passage of the bill occurred at 1:36 p. m. after a lively session, during which there were many roll calls. The Senate chamber was well filled and the galleries were crowded.

Washington, July 22.—The passage of the Canadian reciprocity bill by the Senate today in precisely the form it emerged from the House brings to an end President Taft's long fight for the measure but during the debate which led up to today's final action party lines were swept away and a vigorous fight was waged to saddle the measure with riders that friends of the measure claimed, would have meant the defeat of the whole proposition.

Many amendments still were on the calendar when the Senate convened, The bill, under the unanimous voting agreement affected by the different wings of both parties was taken up, however without further debate in the Senate immediately upon the conclusion of the routine morning business. No one had figured out in advance just when the final vote would be reached but it was expected during the late afternoon

The bill is the first of the measures to be disposed of under the voting agreement which also provides dates for votes on the wool tariff revision, free list, New Mexico-Arizona statehood and the Congressional reapportionment bills.

Following the passage of the bill by the Senate and its immediate signing by Vice President Sherman it must be "messaged" back to the House which originated it, engrossed on parchment, signed by Speaker Clark and then signed by President Taft. Officially and theoretically the engrossment must be done while the House is in session but in fact, it is already on parchment.

As the House was expected to be in session but a little while today and then adjourn until Wednesday, the bill probably will not go to the President until his return from Beverly next week.

The fight for reciprocity, the Supreme campaign of the present administration, had its inception at a conference 16 months ago at Albany, N. Y., between President Taft and Canadian Minister of Finance Fielding. Since then it has been carried along through two Congresses, fruitless through the first one because it was becalmed in the Senate and successful in the second—an extra session convoked expressly for the ratification. More than two-thirds of the Senate support the bill.

The bill passed by the Republican House last session was introduced by Representative McCall, of Massachusetts. The present measure was fathered by Democratic Leader Underwood of the House, chairman of the tariff making Ways and Means Committee.

Defeat Free List Bill.

The Senate took up the Canadian reciprocity bill as soon as a quorum was obtained at 11:15 a. m., the call showing 78 senators present. The amendment of Senator McCumber of North Dakota reducing duties on many necessaries of life and increasing the free list was first taken up and defeated 16 to 64.

HENRY CLAY BEATTIE KILLED WIFE SAYS CORONER'S JURY

Young Husband Held Without Bail for Trial in Court for Cold-blooded Crime.

Special to Telegram.

Richmond, Va., July 22.—The jury in the Beattie murder case met at noon at Coroner Loving's home in Chesterfield county and several witnesses were examined, among them being Paul Douglas Beattie, a cousin of the accused man who made oath that he purchased a gun for Henry Clay Beattie. The jury was out but 10 minutes when it came to an unanimous agreement, changing the husband with having committed the crime.

Evidence was produced to show the following facts. That Henry Clay Beattie and his wife, Louise Beattie, went on an auto ride on Middleturn pike last Tuesday night and that Mrs. Beattie was shot to death, a load of shot passing through her head. The gun used by the assassin, a single barrel breechloader, was found next morning by the roadside by a colored woman, Mandy Alexander. Paul Douglas Beattie, cousin of H. C. Beattie, purchased the gun from M. Weinstein and gave it to Henry. The weapon was identified by Mandy Alexander Paul Beattie, Henry Beattie and Mr. Weinstein, the latter having returned from Norfolk to be present at the investigation.

H. M. Smith, attorney for the defendant indicated very plainly in his action to Paul Beattie this afternoon that an effort will be made to prove that Paul and not Henry used the gun on the night of the murder. Paul Beattie was asked if he had not charged Henry a week before in not dealing fairly with him and his brother in the settlement of his father's estate and if he had not become alarmed when the gun was traced to him and tried to put the crime on his cousin and if he had not made the confession of the purchase of the gun to shift the blame. He denied the allegation. He said that he and his cousin had always been on good terms, despite the fact that Henry Beattie rarely visited his home.

The moment that Paul Beattie closed his statement he became faint and was escorted to a bed where he rested for several minutes and then returned to the porch, where the inquest was held, and resumed his testimony. Although very weak and extremely nervous he did not change his statement under the vigorous examination of Henry Beattie's attorney. As the jury wended its way to a room to deliberate on the verdict a crowd of several hundred people held in restrain by ropes broke through, some going near the house and others dispersing.

When Dr. Loving appeared a few minutes later and announced that the jury had voted unanimously to charge the husband of the murdered woman with the crime the crowd dispersed. Henry Clay Beattie, without any sign of emotion, heard the judge's charge and before the last word was out of the judge's mouth was lighting a cigarette. He was the coolest person present at the investigation and this caused considerable comment.

The outcome of the case before the coroner seems to be perfectly satisfactory to those who have followed the case and there is no danger of mob violence. Beattie was remanded to the jail in Richmond to await trial. Paul Beattie and Miss Beulah Binford were held as witnesses. Chief of Police Werner, believed that they have found in Henry Clay Beattie the murderer of Mrs. Louise Owen Beattie, who was a very popular belle of Manchester. The return of Miss Binford, a beautiful belle, is attributed as a motive for the crime. The talk around the city is that Beattie cared more for her than he did for his young wife.

Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., wired to his father today, declaring that all of Paul Beattie's statements were absolutely untrue. It is understood that all the resources of the family will be put at the disposal of the attorney for the defense.

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The Greensboro Telegram makes a nominal charge for Cards of Thanks, Resolutions of Respect and formal Lodge Notices.

THERE ARE REASONS.

The Raleigh News and Observer answers an inquiry made by the Winston-Salem Journal and directed to The Telegram, in a manner which is so satisfactory to all concerned that it is herewith reproduced:

"The Winston Journal makes an inquiry that is surprising in view of the high honor that Hoke Smith has won and has merited. It says:

" 'The Greensboro Telegram seems proud of the fact that Governor-Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, was born in North Carolina. Why?'

"There are plenty of reasons. He went to Atlanta as a young man, without money or influence, and was unknown. By reason of his ability, courage to take up the cause of the weak, and successful practice he won a place among the foremost men of that bar.

"Later he purchased the then struggling Atlanta Journal, converted it into a powerful advocate of good causes, and made it the best and most influential afternoon daily in the South.

"As Secretary of the Interior in Cleveland's cabinet he came up to the full measure of statesmanship as exemplified by Carlisle, Gresham and Wilson, and made a great cabinet officer.

"No man in the South has studied and mastered the railroad problems so thoroughly as Hoke Smith, and he led the fight in Georgia for full and proper regulation of railroads, and the South has no son today who better represents the Progressive Democracy of the country than Hoke Smith.

"The highest commendation that can be paid Hoke Smith is to say that he is as fit in the field of statesmanship as his distinguished kinsman, General Robert F. Hoke was in war. North Carolina is proud of giving to Georgia and to the country a man so able and so honest and so progressive."

The Telegram does not believe that anything needs to be added to what the News and Observer says above, but we will say before quitting the subject that there is no reason why The Telegram should be proud of the fact that Hoke Smith was born in this State, except that it is an honor for the State to have produced a man of his ability and prominence.

The editor of this paper has known Hoke Smith personally for a number of years and we know that all the News and Observer says above in his praise is founded on facts and is very brief but strictly truthful record of a great career Mr. Smith has his enemies and is cordially hated by many citizens of his own State, but there are reasons for this fact and none of them are derogatory to the character of the man who is occupying the position of Governor of Georgia at present. North Carolina has produced few greater lawyers than Hoke Smith; no man, perhaps, who was his equal as the controlling force in the publishing of a great newspaper; and very few surpassing him in well rounded ability to fill worthily any position in the gift of the people. There are many reasons why North Carolina should be proud of the fact that Hoke Smith is a native of this State and not a single reason, as far as we are aware, why she should regret the fact. The fact to be regretted in connection with his life is that his great talents have been given to the development and upbuilding of another State, instead of having been devoted to similar efforts for his native State.

The revolution in Morocco has no connection with the doings of the leather trust.

Mulai Hafid has broken loose in Morocco again. Despite his name, Mulai has horns.

The Chicago-Record Herald does not believe that Senator Bailey ever had a following. Will the Concord Tribune please attend to this case?

However, there is no reason why the heat should worry the Greenville baseball team. It should be cool down in the cellar quarters of the team.

Atlanta Journal says nobody has yet gone to heaven in an aeroplane. Perhaps, however, some of the aviators have gone as near that place in their machines as they will ever get.

The South Carolina folks who are not enjoying the delights of the North Carolina mountains during the summer would be cooler at home if they did not allow Governor Blease to keep them so warm all the time.

It will be observed that the South Carobleaserino teams of the Carolina Association are all in the last division. This is eminently proper, as the North Carolina towns of the league have the best teams.

Now it is suggested that perhaps Mr. Bryan will not approve of holding the next Democratic National Convention in Baltimore. We will wager that Mr. Bryan would like to have the convention held in the office of the Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Greenville Piedmont thinks some folks would rather swat Senator Heyburn than the flies. Applying the remark to North Carolina, it is evident that a large number of people in this State would rather swat Senator Simmons than anything else swatable.

The Smithfield Herald stands for education, good roads, good health and progress, according to the wording of its slogan. The Herald realizes the importance of good roads and places highway improvement next to education on the road of progress.

The Lincoln Times refers to Tom Watson as a Democrat. How does The Times know that Tom is a Democrat now? He claimed last week to be one, but unless The Times has later information it will be unwise to stake anything on the assertion that Tom is a Democrat at present.

If the elections bill proposed in Congress passes, candidates for the United States Senate will be permitted to spend to secure election only ten cents per voter. Some of the voters are not worth that sum, while others will cost more, so Congress is probably striking a fair average.

A favorite pastime of the paragraphers nowadays is to inquire about certain old fashioned people whose characteristics in the old days frequently occasioned comment. The paragraphers ought to know that the old fashioned people have disappeared from the earth and that everybody nowadays keeps right up with the band at the head of the procession.

This country is going to the bad rapidly. Here is another newspaper man injured while riding in his automobile. W. E. Gonzales of the Columbia State, is the man. It is not difficult to foresee that the country is falling upon evil days when money is becoming so common that newspaper men can dig up the price of an automobile.

Atlanta Journal makes a suggestion to Congressmen which is worthy of instant and prayerful attention. It is that they substitute picture post cards for garden seed in making presents to their constituents. The idea is admirable. It will work with the country people who have gardens and with the city folks who have none. The country people do not plant the seed because they know the seed will not grow, and the city people have no place to plant them.

Governor Blease of South Carolina, is not to get Thomas B. Felder of Georgia, in his clutches after all, it seems. Former Governor Brown refused to honor the South Carolinian's requisition for Felder, and now Governor Smith has taken the same course. It was believed that Felder might be turned over to South Carolina by Governor Smith, but he has made it clear that such will not be his action. Governor Blease wants Felder brought to South Carolina to stand trial for charges made against the chief executive of the Palmetto State.

Greensboro ought to be the greatest retail trading center in North Carolina. This city is centrally located and has railroads radiating in all directions, which makes it easy of access for the people within a radius of a hundred miles. Merchandise can be sold at as close prices here as anywhere in the State. With its advantages Greensboro ought to double its retail trade during the next year or two. The merchants here already enjoy a large volume of business from the surrounding territory, but this can be largely increased, as it must be evident that thousands of people who are not trading here can be induced to do so. The opportunity before the retail merchans of Greensboro is the most extensive and most promising to be found in the South. If they rise to the demands of the situation they can make this the greatest retail distributing point in North Carolina.

GOOD ROADS TRAIN COMING TO GREENSBORO

Arrives Tuesday at 7:30 P. M.--Is Novel Method of Promoting Good Roads Sentiment—Making Extensive Tour of South—What is to be Seen on Train.

The special "Road Improvement Train" being operated over the South by the Southern Railway and affiliated lines in co-operation with the United States Office of Public Roads for the advancement of the good roads movement, will be in Greensboro for an exhibition Tuesday, July 25, at 7:30 p. m.

The train, which is a novel advocate for good roads, started out on its long tour at Mobile May 1st, and has been given a remarkable reception in Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and points in north Georgia as well as in North Carolina, where the interest in the movement is very high.

It is the purpose of the train to not only give impetus to the movement for better wagon roads, but also to give practical information to county road officials and to farmers as to the best and most economical methods of constructing good roads and keeping them in repair with the materials to be found in the various communities.

Lectures and Demonstrations.

Free lectures and demonstrations as to the importance of good roads and how to build and maintain them will be conducted by Messrs. L. E. Boykin and H. S. Fairbanks, superintendents of road construction of the United States Department of Agriculture who are qualified from wide experience to give the most valuable instruction. W. J. Hurlbut, representative of the Land and Industrial Department of the Southern Railway, accompanies the train to lend assistance in the work of spreading the gospel of good roads.

The train consists of three coaches, two being equipped for demonstration and the third for the accommodation of the experts in charge. One car is fitted up as a lecture room and is provided with a stereopticon, slides and screen, arranged so as to be in full view of the seats. The second car is filled with exhibits and working models.

Aside from its educational interest the train will be an attraction to people who are not actively interested in such movements, drawing them by reason of the novel exhibit and probably sending them away with a knowledge that after all the good roads problem is one that concerns each individual no matter in what walk of life.

The two cars of the train which will be open to the public cannot fail to interest the people of Greensboro. The stereopticon views which will be shown in the lecture coach, point out all the advantages of good roads and some of the disadvantages of bad ones. There is shown, for instance, the manner in which doctors are caught in the ruts of bad roads while on their way to patients; undertakers' wagons delayed on the way to cemetaries; automobilists thrown on the road by boulders lying in the way.

How Bad Roads Are Expensive.

A view appealing especially to farmers and all interested in the cotton industry is that showing two loads of cotton, one from a bad roads territory and the other from a good roads territory, the difference in the weights of the two loads showings the profits and losses that come from good and bad roads.

In the second car are enlarged photographs showing some of the finest roads of the world, including the well nigh perfect roads of France. These photographs illustrate nearly every phase of the good roads movement. For the farmers and experts there are working models in this car showing materials that make the best roads, the way aboggy road can be improved by mixing sand with clay, how macadam and other hard roads are built, and practical suggestions which will be of benefit in the case of each individual. If the farmer has been at a loss how to improve his road he can find out all about it by attending the train exhibit.

The tour being made by the "Road Improvement Train" is one of the most extensive ever arranged for an educational campaign, covering as it will, practically all important points in theterritory traversed by the Southern Railway and its affiliated lines. It will last until October, coming to a close during a good roads convention in Richmond.

Roads Bearing Expense.

In running this train the Southern Railway is handling it without charge to the government or the people, and all the lectures are free. President Finley, of the Southern Railway is an ardent advocate of good roads, believing that their construction will result in great benefit to the people of the South whose interests are identical with those of the railway system he heads. Realizing the vast economic importance to the South of a complete system of improved wagon roads, he took up the matter of running the train with the government authorities and as a result the tour was undertaken. On every hand the most favorable expressions have been heard as to the public spirit shown by the Southern Railway in going to the great expense of conducting this campaign for good roads.

The schedule for this week is as follows: Monday, Reidsville, 10 a. m., Siler City, 3 p. m.; Tuesday, Sanford 10 a. m., Breensboro, 7:30 p. m.; Wednesday, Asheboro, 10:30 a. m.; Thursday, Lexington, 10 a. m., Salisbury, 3:30 p. m.; Friday, Concord, 10 a. m.; Saturday, Albemarle, 2. p. m.

On the following week the train will give exhibitions at the following points: Graham, Hillsboro, Chapel Hill, Durham, Raleigh, Selma, Goldsboro, Henderson, Oxford.

Particular effort is being made to interest local officials and road supervisors as it is believed that the lectures and contents of the train will prove a mine of information to them in their work and it is hoped that they will attend. All citizens of Greensboro and surrounding sections will be gladly welcomed at the exhibition Tuesday evening.

IMPROVEMENT OF TELEPHONE SERVICE WITH OTHER PLACES

Telephone calls from Greensboro to Burlington, High Point, Reidsville and Winston-Salem may now be made more quickly under the "Two Number Method" which the Southern Bell Company has just introduced.

Under this method you tell the local operator the number you want in the other city and she completes the connection while you remain at the telephone just as though you were making a local call.

When calls of this kind are made, the Telephone Company does not undertake to place you in communication with a particular person, it being assumed that you will be prepared to talk to anyone who answers the telephone. The charge for this service begins as soon as the distant telephone is answered.

In order to facilitate the business between Greensboro and Burlington, High Point, Reidsville and Winston-Salem, the listing of subscribers in all these cities appears in the Greensboro directory. Calls under the "Two Number Method" should be made by number and the name of the town given as a prefix. For instance, if number 500 in Burlington is wanted, the proper way to call is to say "Burlington 500."

In speaking of the introduction of this improved method, Manager Woodruff said yesterday:

"It is believed that this method of handling calls from Greensboro to these points will prove a time saver and money saver to the business men in all these cities. There is a considerable volume of business and in most cases matters can be handled with whoever answers the telephone. It is important that such calls be made by number and the directory should always be consulted. We have ample facilities and all "Two Number" calls can be promptly and efficiently handled.

"When it is important or necessary to speak to a particular person, the call should be given to 'Long Distance,' in the usual way."

Those Who Take Foley Kidney Pills
For their kidney and bladder ailments, and for annoying urinary irregularities are always grateful both for the quick and permanent relief they afford, and for their tonic and strengthening effect as well. Try Foley Kidney Pills. Howard Gardner.

Business Building

By DUNDAS HENDERSON

Advertising Manager of the C. E. Zimmerman Co., Chicago.

SALESMANSHIP IN YOUR ADVERTISEMENTS

The most pertinent question a retailer must think about when he starts out to consider the question of filling the advertising space he has bought in the local newspaper is, how can I sell my goods successfully through this newspaper? The best answer to the question is undoubtedly another question. He must ask himself: If I had to sell these goods in my store how would I approach my customer—how could I interest her and in what way should I convince her?" Last of all he must ask himself whether he is as capable of doing all this in the newspaper space as well as in his store.

When a merchant has answered these questions satisfactorily he may commence compiling his advertisement. But until he realizes that salesmanship is just as necessary in the newspaper space as in his store when selling goods, he can never hope to get the value he has every right to expect from the space.

Successful newspaper publicity has been called salesmanship on paper. When a retailer can distinguish that kind of salesmanship and appreciate its value, he is a long way on the road to advertising success.

If a retailer employed inexperienced or amateur help in his store to sell his best goods he would be classed as a fool. Why should he not also be put in that category if he employs amateur salesmanship in his newspaper space? He pays good money for both and should get the same degree of satisfaction for his expenditure.

Four main points enter into all salesmanship whether personal or on paper: First, the attention of the possible customer must be obtained; second, interest must be created in the goods you are going to sell; third, the customer must be convinced that she wants the goods, and last, but by no means least, she must be induced to make a purchase.

In planning his advertising, therefore, the merchant has to apply these principles in such a way that, from his announcements, results are obtained as a matter of course. But he must remember always that salesmanship on paper is more difficult than salesmanship in person because he cannot make his selling arguments felt in the same degree as when he meets his customer face to face.

Unless a merchant can apply these four principles successfully to his salesmanship through advertising, his publicity will get no more returns than a bad salesman in his store. And let me state here that no ordinary merchant can get the highest grade of salesmanship in his newspaper space without outside help. There are many reasons for this. It has been found, for instance, that the best way to secure attention is to use a good illustration. Nothing has a surer human interest effect or gets quicker action than a well selected picture. To get such illustrations you need not only a high grade experienced artist but one who has a first class knowledge of advertising art. Then, it requires considerable study and experience in descriptive literature to create interest in goods—even in those you are selling daily. Again, to bring conviction to the mind of a reader surely and successfully, necessitates a knowledge of how it has been done in thousands of other cases.

All this means that the up-to-date merchant who desires to make his advertising scientifically certain must either study retail advertising as a part of his business training or employ an experienced advertising constructor. There is more in planning and writing a successful advertisement than the ordinary retailer realizes. And the smaller the advertisement the more difficult the process. Only those who have made big successes by the employment of advertising in its most efficient form know the true value of salesmanship through advertising.

The time is now due for the ambitious retailer to learn something about this art. If he does not care about plodding at acquiring the necessary knowledge himself there are plenty of means of securing the right kind of salesman ship on paper, the kind that will enable him to get one hundred per cent value from his advertising space. One of the best means is to buy syndicated advertising service. Some of these services have been brought up to such a pitch of perfection that much of their advertising is rated as equal to the best that has made success for the big department stores and national advertisers.

Constructing advertisements is like the practice of medicine or law, it requires a special training to do it successfully. The average merchant can no more build an advertisement that will bring sure returns than the average advertisement writer can cure your body or argue your case in the courts. And the average merchant who attempts to do it is perpetrating as much harm to his business as the amateur would do to a human body if he tried to doctor it.

These syndicated advertising services are constructed by experts of national reputation who have had many years' experience in that class of work and who are paid large salaries for their services. The low prices at which the services are offered are only made possible by the large number sold throughout the country. For some of the services the prices are as small as one dollar per week.

Full particulars of those syndicated advertising services may be obtained from the Business Manager of The Greensboro Telegram. It is unwise for any retailer to be without such a means of securing sure returns from his advertising when he can get success bringing advertisements for these low prices.

Meeting in Wilmington.

The One Hundred Thousand Dollar Club of the Security Life and Annuity Company, composed of agents who have written insurance to the amount of $100,000 or more during the last year, are in annual session at Wrightsville Beach. C. C. Taylor, secretary of the company, is in attendance upon the session and helping the agents to have a good time. The company each year grants to all agents who have done more than $100,000 worth of business, a vacation, meeting all expenses of the occasion. One of the club members last year wrote over $500,000 of insurance for his company. The meeting will come to a close Monday.

Kidney Diseases Are Curable
under certain conditions. The right medicine must be taken before the disease has progressed too far. Mr. Perry A. Pitman, Dale, Tex., says: "I was down in bed for four months with kidney and bladder trouble and gall stones. One bottle of Foley's Kidney Remedy cured me well and sound." Ask for it. Howard Gardner.

The ice man is perfectly willing to let his customers take the cake.

Honest Medicines Versus Fakes.

President Taft's recent message suggesting an amendment to the Pure Food and Drugs law in its relation to Prepared Medicines, does not refer to such standard medicines as Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and Foley's Kidney Pills, both of which are true medicines carefully compounded of ingredients whose medicinal qualities are recognized by the medical profession itself as the best known remedial agents for the diseases they are intended to counteract. For over three decades Foley's Honey and Tar Compound has been a standard remedy for coughs, colds and affections of the throat, chest and lungs for children and for grown persons, and it retains today its pre-eminence above all other preparations of its kind. Foley Kidney Pills are equally effective and meritorious. Howard Gardner.

"How is your garden getting along?"

"Why do you ask that question?" demanded the suburbanite suspiciously.

"Merely out of politeness."

"I see. I thought maybe I had promised you some vegetables."—Houston Chronicle.

Sinners are snivelers.

FLOWERS FOR FUNERALS

When you want something extra nice, something "different," call on us. Our expert designers will get it up for you.

J. Van Lindley Nursery Company
115 S. Elm Street
Phone 329.

We are prepared to do any kind of Hauling—Freight, Household Goods, Office Furniture, Safes, Pianos, Wood, Stone, Lumber, Brick—anything.

Phone No. 8
When you want anything moved.

Cunningham Bros.
Coal---Wood

You will find nine artists at
The Hotel Guilford Barber Shop
C. W. EDWARDS, Prop.

There is
BEAUTY, DURABILITY and SATISFACTION
in every monument made by
Englehart Granite and Marble Works
Our specialty
WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE.
Phone 281.

FOR GOOD BRICK
See
LIBERTY BRICK CO.
Liberty, N. C.

HEALTHY PLANTS
Require the Most Careful Attention as Well as Good Soil.

Did you ever see a rosebush which—despite the most beneficent environment of soil—of sunshine—and of atmosphere—seemed never to achieve a healthy growth.

A ton of manure will not help a plant that has a canker eating out its heart.

You must destroy the cause before you can remove the effect.

You cannot cure Dandruff and Baldness by rubbing on hair lotions, and rubbing in vaseline, etc.

You must look to the cause of the trouble—it's a germ at the roots of your hair which causes it to fall out.

Newbro's Herpicide destroys the germ, and healthy hair is the sure result.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co. Detroit Mich.

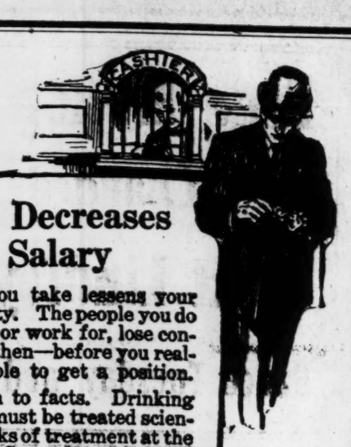
One dollar bottles guaranteed.

Fariss-Klutz Drug Co., and Greensboro Drug Co., Special Agents.

VERY LOW RATES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
$15.95—Greensboro to Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn., and return account Monteagle Sunday School Institute. Dates of sale June 30, July 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, August 11, 12 and 18, 1911. Final limit September 5, 1911.

W. H. DORSETT.
THE YELLOW FRONT.
230 South Davie Street.
New and second hand cycles and all kinds of repairs, keys, trunks, locks, baby carriages, lawn mowers, umbrellas repaired and recovered, and other repairs. Phone 476.

JUST Rheumacide IT CURES
Rheumatism and Blood Diseases
The cause of rheumatism is excess uric acid in the blood. To cure rheumatism this acid must be expelled from the system. Rheumatism is an internal disease and requires an internal remedy. Rubbing with oils and liniments may ease the pain, but they will no more cure rheumatism than paint will change the fiber of rotten wood.
Cures Rheumatism To Stay Cured.
Science has discovered a perfect and complete cure called Rheumacide. Tested in hundreds of cases, it has effected marvelous cures. Rheumacide removes the cause, gets at the joints from the inside, sweeps the poisons out of the system, tones up the stomach, regulates the bowels and kidneys. Sold by druggists at 50c. and $1; in the tablet form at 25c. and 50c., by mail. Booklet free. Bobbitt Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.
Gets At The Joints From The Inside.
JUST Rheumacide IT CURES
For Sale by Howard Gardner, Druggist, Greensboro, N. C.



Drinking Decreases Your Salary

EVERY drink you take lessens your earning capacity. The people you do business with, or work for, lose confidence in you and then—before you realize it you are unable to get a position.

Now let's get down to facts. Drinking is a *disease*, and it must be treated scientifically. Four weeks of treatment at the Keeley Institute of Greensboro can take away that craving for alcohol. It will remove your appetite for liquor and rebuild you into the same man you were before you started to indulge. And right here earning capacity enters again. Statistics covering several hundred cases, show that the Keeley Institute has increased the average earnings of the men who have taken the treatment over 500 per cent. simply because it has taken away the handicap of inebriety.

There is an individuality to the Keeley treatment as administered at Greensboro. There is a personality that tends to up-build the moral character of the individual as well as make him a new man physically. There is a fellowship—an environment that will help you help yourself.

The Keeley Institute at Greensboro has helped thousands of men—we can aid you too. Write today in confidence, for our book. It will amply prove all our claims.

W. H. OSBORN, President

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

GREENSBORO N. C.

The Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., also treats neurasthenia or nerve exhaustion and all addictions to drugs.

Regularly authorized by Leslie E. Keeley Co.

Shopper's Guide AND Business Directory CLASSIFIED ALPHABETICALLY.

Automobiles and Accessories.

American Motor Co
MOTOR CARS and SUPPLIES. : : :
Greensboro, N. C.
R. G. SLOAN, Gen. Manager.

Confectionery.

IMPORTED **DAMIER** IMPORTED
The Newest Finest Chewing Gum.
Palace of Sweets

Cleaning and Pressing.

Greensboro Pressing Club
'Phone No. 162. W. N. Hinton, Manager
The place to bring your clothes.

HOTEL CLEGG CLEANING ROOM
when you want your clothes cleaned and pressed.
WHITFIELD will give you a good job of work. It will pay you to call on him first.
Greensboro, N. C.

Furniture and Undertaking.

WILSON UNDERTAKING AND FURNITURE CO.
Funeral Directors and Embalmers, Household Furnishings, Stoves, Ranges and Furniture
600-604 South Elm Street.
Day Phone 488.
Night Phones 1408 and 1521.

Laundry.

Steam Laundry
We wash everything but the baby. Put your duds in our suds, the best combination in town.
DICK'S LAUNDRY
W. Market St.

Lawn Mowers.

Have your bicycle repaired by
OLD MAN WHITE
The orignal bicycle and lawn mower Expert.

Osteopath.

Drs. Tucker & Tucker
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS
In the treatment of women's and children's diseases Ostopathy gives the best of satisfaction.
400-401-402 McAdoo Building.

Photographer.

Eutsler Studio
Portrait Photography
For a Photograph to please your friends as well as yourself come to
113½ East Market Street
Greensboro, N. C.

Plumbing and Heating.

J. M. Hunt H. W. Hunt
Hunt Bros.
Plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating, Pneumatic Water Systems
Greensboro, N. C.

Sewing Machines.

Phone 874
For anything you need in Sewing Machine repairs, supplies, needles, etc.
J. A. WRIGHT,
118 West Market.

Shoe Repairing.

Notice!
If you want modern shoe repairing call up
THOMPSON
114 W. Market St. 'Phone No. 242.

Tailor.

CALL IN TODAY.
Now is the time to pick out the material you want made up into that new Fall or Winter Suit. You will find us better prepared than ever to meet your demands in the season's very latest novelties. Our prices, of course, are always the lowest consistent with the quality of work. A. Horwitz, 121 E. Washington St.

Want Ads.

Tell Your Wants
in The Telegram's Want Page and
Get Quick Results

GOVERNOR KITCHIN ANSWERS HIS CRITICS

(Continued from Page One.)

ly remember repeating to them the conversation which occurred in my office on the night of February 1, above mentioned. After Senator Lockhart, Senator Nimocks and myself had canvassed the situation, my clear recollection is that it was our unanimous opinion that a comprehensive bill could not pass. I stated that if the Legislature did not enact the substance of our State platform that the party would probably be defeated in the next campaign. To this they assented. It was finally understood that Senator Lockhart would eliminate from his bill its parts which were already the law, he having substantially copied the original Reid-Justice bill, and that we would strive at any cost to have the platform declaration enacted. I then stated that I had been contemplating sending a special message to the Legislature on the subject, and asked Senator Lockhart if he made the eliminations mentioned, would he deem a special message necessary. He replied, "Yes, and as hot as you can make it, for it would be hard to put the Ten Commandments through the Senate."

As I said above, the conference was for the purpose of accomplishing something against trusts. I recall no differences between Senators Lockhart, Nimocks and myself, the question being whether we should contend for a particular bill and accomplish nothing, or try to accomplish the best possible legislation, and when our conference adjourned I was not aware that we differed upon the latter policy. The statement of Mr. Lockhart that I ever at any time said that I hoped that nothing would be done, is untrue and is contrary to my inaugural address, my interview, my special message below cited, and the very purpose of our conference. The remark of the gentleman in Durham was made in March, 1907, two years prior to the conference and was to show the kind of argument to be expected in the contest for anti trust legislation. Senator Lockhart knows that I did not endorse that statement, for I added that I at once told the gentleman that if sub section A had passed in 1907 and any property in Durham had been for sale at 50 cents on the dollar, I would have raised every dollar I could to invest in it. This statement that I said that Mr. Reid was defeated on account of his anti trust record is not true. I never thought his trust record had anything to do with Senator Reid's defeat, but always knew that his defeat was on account of a local issue involving the location of the court house. And his splendid anti trust record was not sufficient to save him from the disastrous effect of the purely local issue, and I am positive I never made a statement about it which I knew was untrue. I have no idea that I made any statement that I was nominated on my personality as I am not apt to have made a statement which I did not believe nor did I state that the people of North Carolina wanted nothing done. This, too, is contrary to my message and my interview and the objects of the conference.

In considering the chances of getting anti trust legislation enacted we discussed the apparent opposition from various tobacco centers in former legislative contests, but whatever was said along this line was in illustration of the argument to be encountered and which had already apparently put a majority of the Senate against the Lockhart bill. We agreed that the surest way to accomplish something was to insist upon the declaration of the Democratic platform embodying the vital principal of the famous sub section A. I will add that I never had a secret opinion about this subject at any time.

The statement that any man in the Legislature was authorized to speak for me (outside of my message) is untrue, and it was never reported to me that any one claimed or exercised such authority. Senator Lockhart has simply been dreaming. If it should be presumed that any one was authorized to represent my views the natural presumption would be that my brother was, and he favored and as chairman, reported as a substitute for the bill that passed the Senate, the entire Texas anti trust law introduced by Representative Koonce.

The Constitution, in fixing my duties in respect to legislation and the enactment of laws, says that I shall recommend to the Legislature such laws as I think should be enacted. I have done that in respect to trusts.

Let the record speak as to whether I have modified my views on trusts since I was elected. If you had published the report of my speech at Spray which was sent to you by a newspaper man who heard it, your readers would already know the injustice of your charge. I went into the question of legislative action on trusts fully in that speech, and I used that speech at Kinston, Nashville and many other places, and if either you or your readers care to know the detail of that matter, I shall be glad even now to give you a summary of my remarks as made at Nashville.

(Here the Governor quotes from his inaugural address where he took the ground that the corporate monopoly that by foul means will fully and needlessly destroy its rivals by wrong doing for the purpose of exacting unjust profits from the public should forfeit its existence and that all the power of the State in all its departments should be exerted to destroy every unnatural monopoly, every industrial trust that commits wrong upon the people and their industries, and quotes an interview with the Governor in the Raleigh morning paper of February 2, in which he expressed his conviction that the Democratic platform was a direct endorsement of sub section A, and that the Legislature ought to add the substance and effect the purpose of that section. He quotes also extensively from his special message to the Legislature following the Lockhart-Nimocks conference. And quotes Editor Daniels as saying editorially thereafter that the Governor's message stood for the platform and recommended compliance with its provisions. And later he declared editorially that the message advocated sub section A with effective machinery for its enforcement.))

"When the Legislature of 1911 met I made to it the most comprehensive and drastic recommendations against trusts. These were so clear and strong in their effect that sometime afterwards when a gentleman introduced a bill embodying all my recommendations except the two most vital and sweeping ones, your paper, with enormous headlines, pronounced it a bill against trusts with teeth."

(Here the governor quotes at length from the message to the 1911 Legislature, fresh in the memory of readers.) Then the Governor concludes as follows:

"With these records well known you assume to credit the contradictory recollection of one who is seeking my defeat. You have claimed to be neutral in State contests within the Democratic party. You took no part in former senatorial contests either in 1901 or 1903. Since then you have probably grown more confident and have determined to defeat two candidates for the senate, whether you have determined to elect one or not. You can constantly bombard me, but I shall leave my cause with the people, hoping that as they nominated me once without your help, they may nominate me again against your opposition. I am not afraid of the truth either as to my personal, political or official character.

"When I was a candidate before there was an effort to injure me by charging that I was unsafe and dangerous. You now take the other task and try to make the people think I have no moral courage, am truckling, am a hypocrite, and have made pledges to break them. I have pursued the even tenor of my way, discharging the duties of my high office under my oath, taking advice from all but not controlled by you or anyone.

"My attitude toward trusts has never changed. I am as anxious to aid in the destruction of private monopolies and the punishment of offenders as I ever claimed to be. I never said I could destroy the American Tobacco Co., or any other trust operating throughout the United States, if elected Governor. And yet you have tried to make your readers believe that. I never promised the people to usurp the powers of the Legislature or of the judiciary. I have always regarded the great trusts as pillaging plunderers of our progress, and I shall do what I can to relieve the people from their oppression under the constitution of this State and the United States. These commercial pirates I have fought from my youth up to this day. I have always thought and still think that rich and great offenders should be punished as well as others. The charge that you make upon the recollection of a conversation two and a half years ago, in substance is that after my nomination and election I changed my attitude toward trusts. Fortunately for me the record quoted above disproves every syllable without having to resort to recollection of conversations. To that record the public will resort rather than to the product of the intemperate zeal of another's advocate. In this State the three departments, the executive, judicial and legislative, are separate and apart. The Governor of North Carolina is the only governor in the United States who has no veto power and the Governor who is without power to veto legislation can have little power beyond the reason of his messages in securing legislation. You have constantly opposed giving the Governor the veto power. A striking comparison of the powers of Governors is found between the Governor of this State and the Governor of New Jersey who has the veto power; who has the power of appointing the secretary of state, the judges of the supreme court, the clerk of the supreme court, the district judges, the attorney general and the district attorneys. A Governor with this power, disposed to use the 'big stick can be very effective in legislation, and yet the Governor of New Jersey has not driven the American Tobacco Co.—one of its chartered institutions—from its borders. You may think that the Governor of North Carolina without such powers should try to browbeat a legislature into compliance with his wishes. I have no such conception of my moral or constitutional duties in respect to the acts of a coordinate branch of the government which the people of North Carolina have created.

"W. W. KITCHIN."

BEGINNING Monday we will make sharp Price-cutting on SEASONABLE GOODS, as it will be our LAST WEEK of the After-Season Sale, as we Inventory end of July. It will PAY YOU to supply your wants this week.

Meyer's
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N. C.

Greatest Slaughter of Prices Ever Known All This Week On

Porch Rockers, Porch Settees, Porch Chairs, Porch Swings, Porch Hammocks, Ice Cream Freezers.

A Nice Big Arm Rocker for $1.40
Others From 85c Up.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

Home of the Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet. Headquarters For Office Supplies.

Huntley-Stockton-Hill Company

Day Phone 762 UNDERTAKERS Night Phone 1442

"I suppose," said the city man, "there are some queer characters around an old village like this."

"You'll find a good many," admitted the native, "when the hotels fill up."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Are your neighbors gossipy?" asked Billings.

"Some of them must be," answered Gittings, "judging by the amount of information about them that my wife reports to me."—Buffalo Express.

Most people like money so much that they could revere any dog that had it.

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA, ITCH AND ALL SKIN DISEASES

Don't suffer a moment longer with Eczema, or any form of skin or blood troubles. Don't scratch or rub the skin. Just apply Hancock Sulphur Compound to the affected spots and it will stop the itching at once, and cure the trouble permanently. One 50c bottle will cure that prevalent trouble, Common Itch. Nothing cures skin troubles so quickly as Hancock Sulphur Compound. To beautify the complexion and remove black heads and pimples, use Hancock Sulphur Ointment, 25c. Mrs. Evelyn Garst, of Salem, Va., writes: "Three years ago I had a rough place on my cheek, it would burn and itch. I was fearful it might be of a cancerous nature. I used different preparations, but nothing ever helped it. One bottle of Sulphur Compound cured me completely. I recommend it to any one having any skin disease." For sale by Howard Gardner, Greensboro, N. C.

Every man has some kind of a kick coming against his home town.

Davis White Sulphur Springs

The ideal Health, Rest and Pleasure Resort. Crowded each season. Not too high (1100 ft.), pleasant days and nights. No mosquitoes. Unsurpassed mineral water. Resident physician. Room for 200 guests. Sewerage, baths, electric lights. Splendid fare and service. *High-class Orchestra of four.* Bowling, skating, tennis, boating, bathing, etc.

Telegraph connection at Statesville. Bell phone. Two through trains from Charlotte.

Special low rates for June and September, $6 to $8 per week; July and August, $8 to $10 per week. Special rates to families and ministers.

Open June 1st to October 1st, 1911.
Write for booklet to
DAVIS BROS.
Owners and Proprietors. Hiddenite, N. C.

WANT ADS

Connecting Link Between Buyer & Seller

Classificd Ads One Cent a Word Each Insertion. No ads taken for less than Twenty-five Cents for First Insertion. Situation Want Ads Free One Time.

MALE HELP.

WANTED—SALESMEN AND COLlectors. Good contract and territory. Singer Sewing Machine Co., Greensboro, N. C. July 23, 1t.

WANTED—MEN TO TAKE A THIRTY days Practical course in our Machine Shops, learn the Automobile business and accept good positions. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18 Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-tf.

WANTED—MEN TO PREPARE FOR positions now waiting at top wages. Learn the barber trade. Few weeks qualifies. No dull season. No strikes. Cash every Saturday night. Apply by mail. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. 7-22-6t*

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN THE Cotton business in our Sample rooms; two weeks to complete course; high salaried positions secured. Charlotte Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18-Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-tf.

WANTED.

WANTED—TO SELL YOU AN IRON safe. O. B. Barnes Safe Co., Greensboro, N. C. 7-16-Sundays-tf.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE NICE ROOMS for light housekeeping with water, gas, bath etc.; good location; price low. Apply to 815 Pearson street. 7-22-3t

A SIX ROOM COTTAGE FOR RENT on Lithia street, near Normal College. Apply to P. R. Coble, 1006 Spring Garden street, or Phone 412. 7-23-1t*

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM FURNISHed or unfurnished. New house. Close in. 225 Blandwood avenue. 7-23-3t

TWO NICE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent, with or without board; terms reasonable. Apply 516 Morehead avenue. July 23, 6t*

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—AT DANCING PAVILION at Lindley Park, Friday night, an article which owner can have by identifying at office of the Public Service Company. July 23, 1t

LOST—BLACK HOUND DOG; MEDIum size, short ears, one ear split. Reward if returned to Frank Bunting, Route No. 4, Greensboro, N. C. July 23, 1t*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

LARGE FISH GLOBES AT HAGAN'S. 7-23-3t.

THE BEST IN NEEDLES, OIL, REpairs and repairing. Call 435. Will inspect your machine free. Singer Sewing Machine Co., O. J. Denny, Manager, Greensboro, N. C. July 23, 1t

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 7-20-10t

THE BEST IN SEWING MACHINE line. Big stock; four types of machines and prices and terms right. Call on Singer Sewing Machine Co., O. J. Denny, Manager, Greensboro, N. C. 'Phone 435. July 23, 1t

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 7-20-10t

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS WE WILL sell the remainder of our line of porch Rockers and Hammocks at actual cost. For cash only. Medearis-Jones Furniture Co., 111 E. Market street. 7-23-1t*

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 7-20-10t

NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed of trust executed to A. Wayland Cooke, Trustee, on the 12th day of February, 1909, by William Smith and his wife Cora Smith to secure the sum of four hundred and seventy-five and no-100 ($475.00) dollars, same being recorded in Book 207, page 241, of the Records of Guilford County, and default being made in the payment of the said debt and in the conditions of the said Deed of Trust, whereby the power of sale became operative, the undersigned will on the 12th day of August, 1911, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House door in Greensboro, North Carolina, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate:

That tract of land lying and being in Gilmer Township, Guilford County, State of North Carolina, and more particularly described as follows:

In the City of Greensboro, adjoining the land of Calvin Gorrell and others and, beginning at a stake on Macon street (formerly known as Maple street), running thence North, sixty-three (63) feet to Calvin Gorrell's corner; thence east one hundred and thirty-two and one-half (132 and 1-2) feet; thence south sixty-three (63) feet; thence west one hundred and thiry-two and one-half (132 and 1-2) feet to said street, the beginning.

This the 6th day of July, 1911.

A. WAYLAND COOKE, Trustee.

July 11, 26t.

Special Train to Wilmington, N. C., Tuesday August 1st, 1911, for Accommodation of Confederate Veterans.

For the ecommodation of Confederate Veterans and others going to Wilmington for the Confederate Veterans' Reunion, the Southern Railway will operate a special train from Charlotte to Wilmington via Greensboro and Sanford, on Tuesday, August 1st. This train will leave Charlotte at 8:00 a. m. and should pass Greensboro about 11:20 a. m., arriving Wilmington the same afternoon.

As already announced the low rate of $3.85 will apply from Greensboro ta Wilmington and return for this occasion. These tickets on sale July 31st and August 1st and 2nd, with final limit August 6, 1911. Those taking advantage of this very low rate will return on regular trains at their own pleasure within the final limit of ticket.

For further information see Southern's nearest agent or write

R. H. DeBUTTS, Traveling Passenger Agent, Charlotte, N. C.

W. H. McGLAMERY, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C. 7-23-33t

Low Round Trip Rates To Wilmington, N. C., and Return Via Southern Railway Account Reunion N. C. Confederate Veterans, August 2-3, 1911.

Southern Railway announces extremely low rates of $3.85 from Greensboro to Wilmington, N. C., and return account of Reunion North Carolina United Confederate Veterans.

Tickets on sale July 31, and August 1 and 2, with final limit August 6, 1911.

For further information see nearest agent or address W. H. McGlamery, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.

For Sale

Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at $1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at $3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, 'Phone 1404.

A BARGAIN For Quick Sale

A nice Eastern frontage lot in "Fisher Park" fronts 71 feet on Church street and is 180 feet deep. Can be had now for $710.00, half cash, balance 1 year. This lot is worth more money.

BROWN
Real Estate Comp'y.
109 E. Market St.

For Rent!

8-room house Church street, new, $35.00 per month.

4 rooms in apartment house, Price street; all conveniences, $8.00.

7-room house, North Cedar street, modern, $18.00.

7-room Bungalow, corner Cypress and Bagley streets $18.00

8-room house Gorrell street, corner lot and garden, $16.00.

5-room house, Eugene Street, near railroad, $10.00.

Southern Real Estate Co.
T. D. Sharpe, Mgr. Rent. Dept.
Phone 829.

THE GREENSBORO DISTRICT LEADS IN GIFTS TO MISSIONS

Reports Show Average Per Capita was $1.10 --$2 the Goal for Next Year.

The Greensboro District of the Western North Carolina Conference of the M. E. Church, South, leads the entire Southern Methodist church in the gifts to foreign missions. G. H. Miles, district lay leader at the Greensboro District Conference just closed after a session of three days at Pleasant Garden, announced at the meeting yesterday that from reports in hand he found that the churches of the Greensboro district contributed last year over $10,000 to foreign missions, this amount being $1.10 per capita. The churches of the city of Greensboro averaged $3.50 per capita, but when the country circuits which are as yet undeveloped, are included the per capita for the whole district is $1.10.

When Mr. Miles made this announcement, Dr. C. F. Reid, secretary of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of the Methodist church, stated that the Greensboro district leads the entire denomination in the per capita amount paid to foreign missions. Under the enthusiasm of this unexpected compliment the conference unanimously voted to make $20,000, or $2 per capita, the goal for next year.

A large number of ladies from the missionary societies of the city churches attended the conference, the following being introduced and speaking to the conference: Mrs. Blanche Carr, Mrs. L. H. Martin, Miss Irene Boyles, and Mrs. R. G. Rives. Understanding the great things being accomplished by the men the women of the district are actually raising more money for foreign missions than the men themselves.

The conference went into business session for the election of delegates to represent the district in the annual Western North Carolina Conference, which will be held at Statesville during November. The following are the delegates chosen: B. E. Jones, of Greensboro; Frank Gurley and Dr. Brasdhaw, of High Point, and J. R. Ross, of Pleasant Garden. The alternates are: G. H. Miles and C. H. Ireland, of Greensboro; I. F. Craven, of Ramseur, and P. H. Williamson, of Reidsville. The next district conference will be held in Denton, Davidson county.

Spreckles Testifies.

Special to Telegram.

New York, July 22.—When the war between the Spreckels interests and the American Sugar Refining Company was settled and how in the deal the Havemeyers and John D. Searls made an enormous profit was told the special committee today by Claud Augustus Spreckles.

Aunt of Mrs. R. C. Ridge Dead.

Mrs. R. C. Ridge yesterday received the sad information that her aunt, Mrs. Lucy Cotten, had died suddenly and she departed on the morning train for New London, N. C., the home of the deceased. Mrs. Cotten was past "three score and ten" years of age. She was survived by several grown children. The funeral services and interment were held yesterday afternoon at Albemarle.

New Officers of Mining Company.

The directors of the National Mining and Tunneling Company Friday elected officers as follows: A. L. Baker, of Raleigh, president; D. B. Coletrane, Concord, vice president; Rev. W. L. Grissom, of this city, secretary and treasurer; A. M. Scales, of Greensboro, attorney. Other men of this section of the country are stockholders and controllers of the plant, which is operated in Leadville, Colorado.

Southern's Grand Seashore Excursion.

Mr. W. H. McGlamery, Passenger and Ticket Agent, of the Southern is a great believer in the newspaper as an advertising medium. Only a day or so ago he placed in this paper an ad announcing the Southern's Popular Annual Excursion to Norfolk on August 2 and he states that he is now flooded with letters of inquiry and that his telephone is ringing almost continuously for further details and Pullman reservations for this great annual outing.

This train leaves Greensboro at 7 p. m. August 2, consisting of Pullman Sleeping cars and day coaches. Those who have not ordered their Pullman reservations should do so at once, as from the present indications more people than ever before are going to take advantage of this splendid opportunity for a nice outing at such small cost.

The love of money is said to be the root of all evil—and the poorer the soil the better it seems to thrive.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

WEATHER FORECASTS.

North Carolina—Probably fair. Rest of eastern belt, local showers.

Louisiana—Unsettled, showers except in southwest.

Arkansas—Showers.

Oklahoma—Generally cloudy, showers.

All Texas—Generally cloudy. Showers in north portion.

CHICAGO MARKET CLOSE.

	July	Sept	Dec	May
Wheat	.87	88¾	91⅞	96¼
Corn	.63¾	65	62	64⅛
Oats	.41¼	41⅜	43¾	45¾
Pork	16.45	16.60		
Lard	8.20	8.27	8.27	
Ribs	8.35	8.47		

LIVERPOOL CLOSE.

July	7.02½
July and Aug	6.99
Aug. and Sept	6.79½
Sept. and Oct	6.53½
Oct. and Nov	6.46
Nov. and Dec	6.41½
Dec. and Jan	6.40½
Jan. and Feb	6.41
Feb. and Mch	6.42
Mch. and April	6.43½

Barely steady.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

	Open	High	Low	Close
July	13.30	13.39	13.15	13.25
Aug	12.80	12.80	12.71	12.73
Sept	12.25	12.25	12.24	12.24
Oct	12.07	12.10	12.05	12.07
Dec	12.10	12.10	12.06	12.06
Jan	12.07	12.08	12.02	12.02
Mch	12.14	12.15	12.11	12.12
May	12.23	12.25	12.23	12.22

Barely steady.

COUPON
FOR
DINNER SET
No. 3
CUT THIS OUT

30 of these Coupons numbered consecutively (start at any number) with $3.75 (drayage and express extra if delivered) will be good for one set of OLD FLOE BLUE DINNER ware—45 pieces.

The Greensboro Telegram
208 South Davie Street.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Free Motion Pictures
Changed Daily
At Lindley Park
Dance Tuesday and Friday Nights

Going Away For the Summer?

LET
The Greensboro Telegram
FOLLOW YOU

and know what is going on at home and abroad.

MORE LOCAL NEWS—ALL THE IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS.

Sent to Any Address

PHONE 59

Greensboro Female College

Founded in 1838. Ideal home school for girls, with a distinctive Christian atmosphere. Limited number of students with small classes. Four years of collegiate work leading to A. B. degree. Beautiful location with unsurpassed health record. Students admitted on certificate from accredited High Schools. High standards and individual instruction.

For catalog, address
MRS. LUCY H. ROBERTSON, President
Greensboro, N. C.

A woman can dress to look cool in hot weather, but its mostly a bluff.

There's a heap of wisdom in being silly over children.

Another Popular Excursion to Asheville, N. C., Via Southern Railway Tuesday, July 25, 1911.

$4.75 is low round trip rate announced by the Southern Railway from Greensboro to Asheville, N. C., on their popular excursion to leave Greensboro 12:40 p. m. July 25.

Tickets returning good on regular trains leaving Asheville not later than Friday, July 28. Why not join the crowd and take a nice outing at such small cost and enjoy the cool breezes and beautiful scenery. Now is the best time for a trip to the mountains. For any further information concerning this most delightful trip see your nearest agent, or address J. O. Jones, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.; W. H. McGlamery, P. & T. A., Greensboro, N. C.

Do You Read the WANT ADS?

Have you found out what interesting news is contained in the want page? There is a reason why want ads are interesting to everybody. Supply and demand create a market. The man who has an article which he has no further use for, with the assistance of a little want ad, can find readily the other man who is looking for just that article. On the other hand the man who is looking for some particular article can find the man who has it and who it perhaps has not occurred that he can sell it, thus by means of the want ad purchasers and sellers for small articles get together.

Try a Want Ad in The Telegram, it makes no difference what you want, tell it here.

BANKRUPT SALE
Ireland Shoe Co. Stock!

EVERYTHING must be sold by August 4th. Nothing reserved—everything goes at sacrifice prices.

All $4.00 Shoes to be sold for **$2.75**
All $3.50 Shoes to be sold for **$2.25**
All $3.00 Shoes to be sold for **$1.95**
All $2.50 Shoes to be sold for **$1.75**
All $1.50 Shoes to be sold for **$1.00**

All Misses' and Children's Shoes HALF PRICE

Come early while you can have a selection in your size.

C. C. HINKLE, Receiver

What About That
INVENTORY SALE?
Did You Get There Saturday?
SALE CONTINUES FOR TEN DAYS.
J. M. HENDRIX & CO.
223 SOUTH ELM STREET
THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

THE LOOSE LEAF LEDGER
is the modern ledger for the modern business. No more transferring of accounts involving much time and labor at the busiest season. You carry no dead accounts in your current ledger, and do not have to look through half a dozen ledgers to find all of one account for a period of years. It is all kept together and only one book to look for.
We carry in stock LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS ranging in price from $1.50 to $18.50, and can furnish any ruling desired.
WILLS BOOK AND STATIONERY CO.
GREENSBORO, - - NORTH CAROLINA

ANDREW JOYNER TELLS REPORTER OF WONDERFUL GARDEN

Well Known "Agriculturalist" Has Also Gone Into Chicken Business

Andrew Joyner, Esq., press correspondent, good roads enthusiast, advocate of pure country buttermilk and last, but not least, raiser of his own produce, stated to a Telegram reporter yesterday that the dry weather in and around Greensboro had done much damage to produce and consequently the prices in Greensboro were much higher than usual. Said Mr. Joyner:

"Regular truckers adjacent to Greensboro had almost a complete failure of their crops this spring owing to the prolonged drought. It was nearly as hard on the city consumer, who either had to pay extreme prices for inferior imported truck from distant points or do without. The Irish potato crop was a complete failure. It was hoped that when the general run of farmers' surplus garden products began to come in prices would drop and the quality improve. It now seems that the farmers failed as bad as the truckers and gardeners and private growers. Inferior cabbage from the country are now coming in, and sell for 5 cents a pound. Butter beans are fetching 30 cents a quart, Irish potatoes 75 cents a peck. Cornfield beans scarce and selling at 15 cents a quart. Local grown tomatoes have been selling for 30 cents a dozen until the past few days when the supply improved in quantity if not in quality and have dropped to 15 cents a dozen.

"Praise be to the Lord, I have been blessed with bountiful returns from my 2x4 garden, as Editor Reese insists on calling it. The only failure was in Irish potatoes, which did not have rain from the time they were planted until they were dug up in bloom without even a nodule of a potato visible, to make room for a crop of dwarf butter beans. While having none to sell, my good sized family have had plenty of everything in season from that garden. Snaps, beets, cucumbers, okra, cornfield beans, cabbage, roasting ears, tomatoes butter beans, squash, and it is loaded now with all these varieties, with a crop of the biggest kind of onion stored away, a new crop just on, with new crops of collards, butter beans, roasting ears, salsify and parsnip just coming up for late fall and winter use. I attribute my good luck this unprecedently dry season to the fact that last fall I had my whole garden not only thoroughly spaded deep, but had it bedded up to keep it well drained in the winter and a heavy crop of garden sass, cabbage, onions, kale and rape were grown on every inch of space. Then this spring it was again spaded deep, planted on a level and has been cultivated on a level. And the things are there to show for themselves, my happy rural retreat being apparently the wonder of an increasing number of flattering friends. And I have discovered how to grow crops without putting a hoe or a plow to them after they are planted, thus saving work and sweat. Nobody believes it without they see it, and many there be who have "come and saw."

"And I have 125 chickens. Eat em every day. Raised on a little back yard with the help of the garden. Fresh eggs all the time. Feed good quantity of acid phosphate and cotton seed meal mixed in chicken feed. Haven't lost a one by disease. Nail cabbage heads and beets up on posts the maximum height a healthy chicken can jump, and in this way they get the much needed exercise and vegetation, at once and seem to enjoy the sport. It is right amusing to watch an old fat lazy hen jumping up and down after her dearly prized cabbage or beet or tomato. When she gets to the core pierced by the nail and pecks the nail once, she kind of clucks in surprise, then tries it again and if she hits the nail the second time, she turns her head to one side, and modestly sidles off, looking for all the world like a fellow who has slipepd on the ice and looks round to see if anybody saw him. When I laugh at the hen, which I never fail to do, I also wonder if she would persist in this compulsory athletic performance, if she knew it was an experiment of mine to see if it wasn't possible to raise healthy egg laying hens in small spaces giving them the maximum of vegetable matter and a sufficient modicum of exercise, which they othrwise wouldn't take, even if they had the chance. It is a splendid success. If I had fifty acre farm I wouldn't take but half an acre to raise 500 chickens on and another half acre to raise their grazing food like cabbage, collards, beets, turnips, alfalfa, etc., summer and winter.

"But intensive farming calls for extensive cudgelling of ones brains and body. You've got to keep scheming all the time to get the most out of it, the satisfaction coming from increased profits and product with increased effort and thought.

"North Carolina is awaking all over in general agriculture. The improvement in almost every line is something wonderful. And yet when I think I have devised some new way of conserving area, labor or other form of management of the plant or the soil, and then get to reading about where folks in Holland, China or France had improved on this from five hundred to a thousand years ago. I get really disgusted with myself for thinking we Americans or North Carolinians have just begun to get on the small edge of appreciation of what our opportunities are for advanced agriculture.

"I've about quit reading because I had become so shy of bragging about any of my own agriculture achievements. Folks thought I had quit operations and had got lazy. And even now I am not intending to brag at all, but give this my first garden story in two years to convince my friends that I have been at work all the time, and my loaded garden, my beautiful high bred acrobatic chickens can be seen any time and a'jumping of anybody cares to come and see."

CITY WANTS THE COUNTY TO MACADAMIZE STREETS

The Board of Commissioners yesterday afternoon decided to ask the County Commissioners to macadamize a number of streets leading into the city, the roads having been improved outside the city limits. It was decided to ask the county to macadamize Church, North Elm, Mendenhall, Spring Garden and South Cedar streets, thereby connecting the fine macadam roads with the center of the city. The city has for years been paying a large portion of the county road tax, not one dollar of which was spent inside the corporate limits. Now that the county can macadamize streets if they so desire the city will ask that a portion of the road taxes paid by the citizens of the city be so expended that they will reap some benefit.

Concert at Lindley Park.

At the concert at Lindley Park this afternoon from 4 to 6 p. m. the following program will be rendered by Hood's Orchestra.

March—The Vale of Dreams, Schmid.
An Island Idyl—Avalon, Moret.
Concert Waltz—An American Heiress, Rosey.
Medley Overture—Remick's Hits No. 7, Arr. Lampe.
Valse Lente—Innocence, Moret.
Intermission.
Schottische—Sugar Moon, Danmark.
Selection—The Chocolate Soldier (by request), Straus.
Idyl—Autumn, Moret.
Concert Waltz—Golden Sunset, Hall.
Intermezzo, My Hula-Hula Love, Lansing.

Women and Society

Ladies' Aid Society of First Baptist.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Baptist church will meet Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the church.

—o—

Lawn Party by Moravians.

A lawn party will be given by members of the Moravian church on lawn at the church on East Lee street next Friday evening. The proceeds will go toward completing the electric light fittings for the church. The patronage of the public is solicited.

—o—

Runaway Marriage.

Miss Fannie T. Gregory and E. W. George, a runaway couple from Pittsylvania county, just across the border in Virginia, were successful in their flight to the altar and the love affair consummated in a marriage in the city yesterday morning. Both were young people but that they were beyond the age limit was testified to by friends here and they were happily married.

—o—

Miss Florence Cain will appear as a soloist at the usual 11 o'clock service today at the Church of the Covenant.

—o—

Miss Kate Hardie, of Brown Summit, left the city yesterday morning for a visit to Wrightsville Beach.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Donnelly have returned from a bridal tour of four weeks to the Great Lakes, Canada and other northern points.

—o—

Mrs. J. R. Black is visiting relatives in Knoxville, Tenn., for several weeks.

—o—

Mrs. Harrison Smith arrived yesterday from her home in Reidsville for a visit with Mrs. J. Willie Smith, West Gaston street.

—o—

Miss Gozeal Hunt has returned home from a visit of several days with friends in Danville.

—o—

Miss Sallie Way, of Charlotte, is visiting Mrs. C. V. White, on South Mendenhall street.

—o—

Mrs. G. H. Bain and small son, of Norfolk, Va., are the guests of Mrs. M. McG. Shields, on Asheboro street.

—o—

Miss Ethel Fowl, of Washington, N. C., is visiting Mrs. George R. Dupuy, on Summit avenue.

—o—

Miss Nettie B. Foard, of Richmond, Va., is the guest of Mrs. Eva Tyson, on West Washington street.

—o—

Mrs. J. W. Patterson and daughter, Margaret Ray, returned yesterday from a stay at Mt. Airy White Sulphur Springs.

—o—

The condition of Mrs. A. J. Summers, who has been quite ill at her home, north of the city, was reported as greatly improved yesterday.

—o—

Miss Ella A. Sherman, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. M. Temko, on North Davie street, has returned to her home in Philadelphia.

—o—

Misses Flossie, Florrie and Mary Jones and Christine Woodliff, of Raleigh, are the guests for a week of Mrs. L. C. Mullican at 323 East Bragg street.

—o—

Mrs. E. R. Bryan has returned from a visit to relatives in Winston-Salem.

—o—

Miss Mary Belle Thomas and Miss Stuart Hayden have returned from Winston-Salem, where they were the guests of Mrs. Fred Fogle.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. Z. T. Hampton of Bahama, who have been visiting in Greensboro, arrived in the city yesterday and will be the guests of Mrs. Perry Umstead.—Durham Herald.

—o—

Prof. J. Robert Holt and Mrs. Holt will leave today for Albemarle to conduct a music school.

—o—

Personals From Durham Sun.

Mrs. George Burns returned this morning to her home in High Point, accompanied by Mrs. C. R. Pace.

—o—

H. W. Kronheimer, of High Point, arrived in the city this morning to visit his brother, B. F. Kronheimer.

—o—

Miss Robie Tillinghast left this morning for Greensboro, where she will spend several days visiting relatives. From there she will go to Morganton to visit relatives.

PERSONAL MENTION

Dr. John H. Wheeler will leave tonight to attend the annual session of the National Dental Association, which holds meetings in Cleveland, Ohio, this week.

—o—

T. A. Lyon and Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Thompson left yesterday for a trip to New York.

—o—

Julian Price returned yesterday from a short visit to relatives in Meberrin, Va. Mrs. Price and the children will remain at that place for some time.

—o—

O. W. Patterson has returned from a pleasure trip to the north, including Atlantic City and other places of interest.

—o—

President J. I. Foust, of the State Normal, has returned from a short business trip to Raleigh.

—o—

Secretary J. S. Kuykendall, of the Winston-Salem Board of Trade, spent the day in the city on business yesterday.

—o—

J. C. Pierce and two sons left yesterday for a visit to relatives in News Ferry, Va.

—o—

R. H. DeButts, of Charlotte, Traveling Passenger Agent of the Southern Railway, was in the city yesterday.

—o—

Hargrove Bowles left yesterday for his home in Mt. Holly. While on his vacation Mr. Bowles expects to visit Richmond, Va.

—o—

Rev. W. F. Staley has returned from a trip to Mt. Airy.

Municipal Court.

In Municipal court yesterday morning the principal interest centered about the trial of C. G. Wilburne, demonstrator of the White automobiles, on the charge of assault by smashing into the rear of H. J. Thurman's car without regard for the safety of the women occupants. Wilburne was taxed the costs in the case, he having already paid a fine for overspeeding on the same day.

Knoxie Wilson, the small negro boy who was taxed with the costs Friday for breaking into a box car and stealing a watermelon, was unable to pay his fine, and was given a sentence of 90 days in the county workhouse.

Pension Board to Hear Charges.

The Guilford County Pension Board will meet tomorrow for the purpose of examining the records of a number who have made applications for pensions. There are eleven pensioners and applicants against whom charges have been filed and the board will investigate the matter and ascertain whether or not the names should go on the pension list that is snet in to Raleigh.

To Cover Asheboro Street School.

At yesterday's meeting of the Board of Commissioners the contract for a new roof on the Asheboro Street school was awarded to the Greensboro Roofing Company. The work will begin at once and the building will be in first class condition before the fall term begins in September.

REUNION OF CONFEDERATE VETS IN WILMINGTON.

Guilford Commandery U. C. V., No. 795, please read the notice issued by the railroad company for rates and other information concerning the reunion at Wilmington, N. C., August 2 and 3. The commander expects to go to the reunion and will be pleased to have as many others go as can do so. He will leave on August 1, and hopes to meet the comrades of Guilford camp on that day and train.

J. Y. WHITTED, Com.
W. W. Wood, Adjutant.

The Southern has offered a rate of $3.85 to Wilmington and return, the tickets on sale on July 31, Aug 1-2 with final return limit August 6.

J. EDGAR WEBB DIED YESTERDAY IN COUNTRY.

J. Edgar Webb, 32 years of age, died yesterday at his home near the Battle Ground, following a brief illness. He is survived by a wife and three small children; also his father, J. W. Webb, and three sisters, Mrs. A. E. Cain and Miss Minnie Webb, of the country, and Mrs. T. C. Apple, of Greensboro.

The funeral will be held from Pisgah church today at 12 o'clock, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Goode. Interment will follow in the church graveyard.

LA FRANCE and Sherwood Pumps, ties and oxfords. Ladies, we still have a right complete line of these two very popular make of fine footwear. If you will need another pair this summer let us fit you now. Later in the season it may be hard to find just what you want in the right size. Thacker & Brockmann.

REDUCTION sale of children's and misses' strap pumps, oxfords and barefoot sandals. We offer our entire line of children's summer footwear, including barefoot sandals and boys' oxfords of all sizes at reduced prices. Thacker & Brockmann.

LADIES' Comfort footwear, new lot just opened. Strap Slippers, $1.35 and $1.50; Common Sense Flexible Oxfords, $1.35, $1.50, $2.00. Congress gaiters, $1.75. Juliets, with rubber in side, $1.50 and $1.75. Comfort laced shoes, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50. Bunion Shoes, $2.25. Nurses' rubber heel shoes, $2.25. Thacker & Brockmann.

GIRLS and boys' summer footwear at reduced prices. All our children's and misses' pumps, oxfords and barefoot sandals, also all our boys' oxfords marked down for quick sale. Thacker & Brockmann.

We are Selling Men's and Boys' Oxfords At Reduced Prices.
Thacker & Brockmann.

DOPE FIENDS WERE NOT AS SICK AS THEY TRIED TO BE

Much discussion has occurred among the people of the city during the past two days concerning the alleged cruelty of the police authorities in neglect of the comfort of a prisoner. Likewise much criticism has resulted from the published account that a negro, Jim George, was lying unattended in the city jail, slowly dying from the ravages of tuberculosis and without medical attention or any efforts being made to give him comfort in his last hours. As portrayed it was indeed a sad picture of cruelty of the officials allowing a negro to die in their presence without comfort or aid.

The facts in the case conclusively refute the statements made in that sad story. Two negroes, John Rowe, alias Jim George, and Jim Roan, had been brought in from the convict camp and placed in the jail to recover from a slight illness. Both were recently convicted of selling cocaine and in Municipal court were given sentences of several months on the city convict gang. This practice, since the use of whiskey has been effectually stopped, has become widespread among the lowest class of negroes and white people in the city. The police recently started a campaign against the dispensers of the crime-creating drug and a score of convictions have followed. It is a self-evident fact that society of the city would indeed be in a dangerous state if the promiscuous use of the drug was continued, for it stirs the dope-eater to crime at every dose and so enslaves him that he cannot stop the habit. The convicted negroes were spreading the drug to an enormous extent and the only course left to the police was to punish them severely.

When a cocaine fiend is stopped suddenly from using the dope he has such a craving for its influence that frequently he becomes nervous and weakened and sometimes too sick to stand. Especially is this the case when the person is a convict for they have a great loathing for work of any kind, which is often the cause that lands them in prison. The two negroes in question complained of sickness and though they did not seem to be genuinely suffering, they were taken to the jail to recuperate. For about ten days they staid in idleness and exerted themselves to create the appearance that they were in great suffering and were rapidly growing worse. However, the authorities, knowing cocaine fiends and having experience with such cases before, took the matter in their own hands and on Friday moved them back to their work on the streets. Seeing that the prisoners were indeed weak the shackles were filed off for their comfort during their convalescence. Saturday morning they went to work on East Gaston street with the other members of the force and showed no signs during the day of approaching death. Several of the dope fiends have been allowed to lie about in idleness because of their weakness, but it is thought that this is the last case of "tuberculosis" that will be encountered.

During the time George was in the calaboose "recuperating" he regularly ate six biscuits and three pones of corn bread daily and stated that he could have devoured more had it been furnished him. This state of affairs in itself would refute the theory that he was dying with the "white plague." The physicians state that the negro probably has a touch of the disease, but strenuous outdoor labor will overcome the disease and leave him a strong man.

Proximity Odd Fellows.

At a meeting of the Golden Rod Lodge, No. 219, I. O. O. F., of Proximity, the following officers were installed: Noble Grand, J. T. Stafford; Vice Grand, Taylor Grubbs; Recording Secretary, James Laughters; Financial Secretary, S. R. Hunter; Treasurer, R. H. Inman. The second degree was conferred on five candidates for Anniversary Lodge, No. 365, I. O. O. F., of White Oak. Twenty-five members attended the session and reports showed that the lodge was in good condition.

Removal Sale
REGARDLESS OF COST!
We must have more room to display our Furniture and House Furnishing Goods, and in order to save handling breakage and to close out our present stock of FURNITURE, RUGS, ART SQUARES, MATTINGS, PORCH ROCKERS, HAMMOCKS, LAWN SWINGS, REFRIGERATORS and all other Summer goods, we offer same at actual cost.
FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.
N. J. McDuffie
116 West Market Street

We Can Never Tell What May Happen
It may only be a few more days that the Peebles Shoe Store will be selling Shoes at such bargains—but you come early and get yours, and be sure that you look for the big BLUE SIGN. Shoes 39c to $4.39.
PEEBLES SHOE STORE

HOUSE AND SENATE POSITION ON TARIFF

House is Going Ahead With Revision, but Little of Tariff Reform is Likely to Secure Approval of Senate—President Said to Oppose Doing Anything at Extra Session.

Special to Telegram.
(By RODERICK CLIFFORD.)

Washington, July 22.—The House Democrats have about decided to call a halt in their plans to undertake a general revision of the tariff at the extra session, this recent decision being based upon the apparent attitude of the Senate not to vote upon any tariff legislation other than that which is now before it.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House is now at work on its bill revising the cotton schedule, and this measure will be probably brought into the House and passed. This does not mean, however, that the House will insist that the Senate take action on the cotton bill before it adjourns. The Democratic body will be centent in the event the Senate votes upon Canadian reciprocity, the wool bill and the farmers' free list bill.

There is a general understanding at both ends of the Capitol building that the Senate will have to take action upon these three measures before adjournment is possible. The passage of Canadian reciprocity is assured and it is by no means improbable that the Senate through a coalition of Democrats and insurgent Republicans, will also pass the bill revising the woolen schedule of the Payne-Aldrich law, and the farmers' free list bill. The two latter bills, however, are apt to be amended in the Senate by some of the insurgent Republicans, but it is not believed that the amendments will be such that all differences cannot be straightened out in conference.

On the other hand, there is a report which follows President Taft's recent cruise with a number of the Senate leaders of both parties, that the President will veto all tariff legislation attempted at this time. As an excuse for this action, it is understood that Mr. Taft will plead that the tariff revisionists should await the report of the Tariff Board. Be that as it may, the Democrats of the House are bound to demand action at the hands of the upper body on the three bills named. It was first intended by the Democrats that their legislative program would not be considered complete until the Senate had taken definite action upon the cotton schedule, the steel schedule, the sugar schedule, the iron schedule and others. It is only within the past week that the word has been passed among the House Democrats that they are willing to halt operations temporarily if the Senate will make some disposition of wool and the free list.

This does not mean, according to the Democratic leaders of the House, that the tariff revision plans of the Democrats are not to be taken up with renewed vigor at the beginning of the regular session in December. In the event that it becomes apparent that a Republican Senate and a Republican President will frown upon all further attempts to amend the present tariff law, the House Democrats simply will bide their time, and will begin right where they left off, once the new Congress is reassembled.

The Democrats feel that a prompt revision of the cotton schedule is necessary, but the farmers' free list bill and the bill revising the much denounced schedule K—the woolen schedule of the Payne-Aldrich bill—is deemed of paramount importance. The House Democrats propose to stay here all summer rather than miss an opportunity to put on record the action of the Senate on these two important schedules. Representative Underwood, the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, on the other hand, has let it be known that his party will consent to an adjournment, even though the cotton schedule is temporarily sidetracked, in the event the Senate gets down to business and votes on the wool bill and the free list bill.

This latter plan, however, does not indicate that the House has stopped work on tariff revision. The Ways and Means Committee is now hard at work on the bill revising the cotton schedule. The cotton schedule will be ready for report within a few days, and it will mean a cut of about forty per cent in the present rates on all cotton goods and laces. The bill will be acted upon by a Democratic caucus, and will be brought into the House and rushed through that body irrespective of what reception it may later receive in the Senate.

The hot weather in Washington has practically precluded the chance that the Senate will consent to remain longer in session after it votes on reciprocity, schedule K, and the free list bill. The latter two bills have now been over at the Senate end of the capitol for two months, while the debate has dragged along on reciprocity, which was sent there soon after the extra session convened in April. The Senate realizes that it must either pass or kill the wool bill and the free list bill at this session. It is willing to compromise with the House and take action on these two measures in the event the House, in return, will agree to adjournment after such action is taken.

The Democratic leaders of the House, while they are willing to sit out the hot summer in Washington, are nevertheless willing to make some concessions to the perspiring Senate, and, as a consequence, the cotton bill will probably go by the boards until next December, when both bodies, on the eve of a presidential campaign, will start in for another long legislative siege.

The situation has thus been summed up by one of the Democratic leaders of the House:

"The Democrats were successful at the polls last November because the country wanted tariff revision, and because it particularly demanded a revision of the iniquitous schedule K. We have revised this most obnoxious of schedules, and we have also passed the farmers' free list bill to recompense the farmer for any damage that may accrue to him through the Canadian agreement. The House and the country will demand that the Senate shall take some action upon each of these bills. We would prefer to have action upon the cotton and other schedules also, but we have received intimations that the Senate proposes to stop work within a short time. We will go ahead with our tariff revision in the House, passing our bills as fast as possible, and demonstrating to the country that the Democrats are willing to keep faith. When the Senate calls for an adjournment, we will probably consent to a cessation of tariff revision—provided, of course, that some definite action shall have been taken on wool and the free list. We are not willing to leave Washington until these bills, which the Senate has had for weeks, have received consideration."

Present prospects are that the Senate will vote upon all these three bills prior to August 10. Itis then expected that an agreement will be reached whereby further tariff revision will be postponed until December.

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USE OF ALCOHOL HEREDITARY

Pathetic Story of Brilliant Lawyer Who Disowned Son When Charged With Murder.

A young man from a good family committed an atrocious murder and was put on trial for his life. His grandfather had been an excessive drinker. His father and mother both drank moderately at meals. His life and history indicated great brain feebleness and degrees of insanity for at least two years before the murder. Public sentiment was very strong against him at the trial. The district attorney had employed an able lawyer to assist him and he publicly announced that the cause of justice demanded the prisoner's death. Two distinguished physicians were retained to swear to the sanity of the prisoner. I was called as an expert in his defense, says a writer in an exchange. As the trial went on it was evident that the efforts of the state would be directed to break the force of my testimony as to the insanity of the prisoner. I answered the hypothetical question and explained it at some length for the defense, and then was cross-examined by the state's attorney, who was evidently determined to destroy the impression which I had produced on the jury.

The attorney was a man of keen intellect and a thorough master of the art of examining witnesses. After trying various methods to create confusion in my statements, he settled down to a scientific examination, insisting on exact answers without qualifications. As the examination progressed it was evident to both of us that we were surprising each other in questions and answers. There was in his questioning unmistakable indications of a very clear knowledge of the alcoholic mind and method of reasoning such as can never be described in books.

Although two able physicians were seated at his side suggesting questions, it was evident that his knowledge of such cases was far superior to theirs, and the turns and forms of questions were revelations of familiarity with the subject that was a surprise to me.

At the close of the day's trial I concluded that a personal acquaintance with the attorney might give me an insight into his mentality that would be to my advantage in the next day's examination, which after a night of consultation and preparation would undoubtedly be still more severe. Upon being introduced by the judge, I, in an undertone, remarked to the attorney that I had never before been examined by any one who had such acute knowledge of the drink craze and its victims, and that I knew that this knowledge did not come from books. After a moment's hesitation he answered me with a quivering lip, "Yes, I know of this matter personally in my family and it has been a skeleton to me."

He asked me to come to his room at the hotel that evening for a personal talk. The interview lasted until midnight. He then told me of his only son who was expelled from college for drinking, and of how he had driven him away from his home against the advice of his wife, and that his son was now serving a life sentence for murder in a western prison. He spoke of his bitter feelings against the attitude his wife had taken, for she had insisted that the boy was diseased. This he himself could not believe and he reviewed the heart burnings and sorrows which followed the death of his wife, and her steadfast faith in the mental sickness of the boy, and her disapproval of his own harshness; and how at her death he realized that she was right, but his pride and position made him fear to think of this subject seriously. He spoke of his own drinking days, and of his abstinence at his wife's request after the birth of his son. Even on this trial he did not dare to permit his feelings to assume the possibility of mental disease. I told him frankly that he made a mistake, that his wife was right, that his boy was a victim, the direct transmission of his own drinking habits.

We shook hands and parted with a cordiality which was not apparent in the next day's examination, and yet beneath the bluff and stern exterior I could see the real man struggling to put the question so that my answers would be the least favorable to his interest. The case was won. My testimony prevailed and the victim was placed in an insane asylum, where he died two years later. No one knew that our midnight interview saved this prisoner from judicial murder.

A few years afterward this lawyer employed me as an expert in the defense of a similar case. At the close of the trial I went to his son, a poor, harmless, half-idiotic man. No questions were asked, but I knew that he had only recently been released and brought home to die. The father's tenderness toward him showed this. The crime had been committed in another state and no one knew the facts of the case.

A year later this lawyer was found dead in his bed, and the boy was placed in a private asylum, where he is now living. Fortunately, his mind is gone and he is unable to recall the past. This incident illustrates some of the startling facts not recognised.

ALCOHOL IS CAUSE OF EVIL

What Several Well Known Physicians Have to Say in Regard to Its Use by Sick.

"If a man takes a saloon he may reckon on dying in about half the time he would have lived if he had been say, a gardener."—Dr. A. Carpenter.

"More than three-fourths of the disorders in what we call 'fashionable society' arise from the use of alcohol."—Sir Andrew Clark, M. D.

"Alcohol is a most destructive agent to every organ and tissue of the body, either in a state of health or disease."—Dr. Dickerson.

"Alcohol, next to pulmonary consumption, kills more adults than any other single morbific cause."

"If there were no alcohol in the world the human race would be a great deal better off."—Dr. Drysdale.

"A man may drink in such a way as never to feel consciously excited or embarrassed, yet ruin his health and shorten his days more speedily and surely than the man who is dead drunk every Saturday night."—Dr. Greenfield.

"I hardly know of any more potent cause of disease than alcohol."—The late Sir William Gull, M. D.

"Alcohol vitiates the blood, inflames the stomach, overtaxes the heart, destroys the kidneys, hardens the liver, and softens the brain."—Dr. N. Kerr.

"As an agent for producing degeneration, alcohol is unrivaled."

"He who uses alcohol freely and frequently, or by itself and apart from food, is surely laying up disease and degeneration for himself and probably for his descendants."—The Lancet.

"There can be no doubt that the greatest source of evil in the world is alcohol."—Dr. Leonard.

"Alcohol, when taken as something additional to food, is at all times perilous and often most hurtful."

"There is no vital organ of the body in which there is not introduced, sooner or later, more or less disorder and disease by alcohol."—Prof. J. Millar, M. D.

"The great bulk of ailments that come under my observation are traceable to the evil consequences of drink."—Dr. J. Rogers.

"There is no greater cause of evil, moral or physical, . . . than the use of alcoholic drinks."

"A very large proportion of some of the most dangerous and painful maladies which come under my notice I have no hesitation in attributing to the ordinary and daily use of fermented liquors, taken in the quantity which is conveniently deemed moderation."—Sir H. Thompson, M. D.

"If it were possible to annihilate alcohol in the world, humanity would be benefitted in a degree which it is impossible to estimate, and both in a moral and physicial condition our race would rise to a higher level."—S. W. Tibley, M. D.

"To accustom the young, even up to full youth, to a relish of even the mildest description of alcohol drink, as malt-liquor or wine, is one of the greatest cruelties and crimes of modern civilization."—Dr. Timms.

"Alcohol, taken in what is usually regarded as moderation, is more or less directly the cause of a large number of the ailments which render life miserable, and brings it to an early close."—Dr. Murchison.

"The immense disease-making of intemperance is appalling."

"The largest quantity of alcohol which can be taken in twenty-four hours without evident ill-effects, is one and a half ounce."—The late Dr. Parks.

"The habitual drinker recovers with difficulty from severe wounds, or from fevers, and is always the first to fall in epidemics."—G. H. Todd, M. D.

Strawberries and Spongecake.

Stamp out slices of stale spongecake into rounds and spread these on one side with strawberry jam. Arrange them on a pretty plate in a circle, fill the center with ripe strawberries. Cook two cupfuls of sugar with three-fourths of a cupful of water to a heavy sirup, then add one tablespoonful of strawberry extract and pour this over the strawberries. Serve hot.

Stuffed Potatoes.

Select fine large potatoes and bake until tender. Cut off the ends, scoop out the contents with the handle of a spoon, and work soft with butter, hot milk, pepper and salt, and a little grated cheese. Return the mixture to the skins, mounting it up on the open ends, and with these uppermost set the potatoes in the open five minutes. Eat from the skins. Delicious.

FROCKS FOR THE GIRLS

AGREEABLE VARIETY FOUND IN WREATH OF THIN MATERIALS.

Prettiest of Fragile Weaves Can Be Had Cheaply—Beautiful Design for Costume for Dancing or Other Party Use.

The month of roses is heralded by more thin dress materials than one has seen this many a year, and, with laces appropriately delicate, these make the most attractive of dressy frocks for a young girl. The wash material, so called, among these filmy textiles is not necessarily a thing for the tub, for thin silks may be used upon them in some way or other and all the style of a costume suggest the careful touch of the dry cleaner rather than the rude one of the laundress. But the prettiest of the fragile weaves can be had cheaply, and suitable trimmings are correspondingly inexpensive; so if the gown is made at home there seems no great extravagance in discarding it after it is too soiled for use. In fact, with an occasional pressing, and scrupulous care, one of these airy gowns can be made to do for a whole season without washing, and persons who understand the art of dress prefer to manage in this way, for there is no doubt that even dry cleaning is hard on the prettiness of a dainty material.

Embroidered batiste is a texture with most rewarding possibilities for summery elegance, such textures showing a fliminess equal to marquisette, and a delicate striping in the weave and worked dots on the white portion between. Lengths of six yards are sold for misses' gowns, the pattern costing six dollars, but as only the least bit of ribbon is needed for the belt and other little touches, and the guimpe and undersleeve edges can be made of a cheap brussels net, the frock is still cheap.

Our illustration displays a little frock designed for dancing or other party use, and the youthfulness of the style suggests the girlish wearer more than the matron, however youthful and slim she may be. Nevertheless, the latter would find the design appropriate for house gowns, for in one's own home one can wear garments that might seem foolish elsewhere.

The dress, as pictured, is an empire slip made of fine white handkerchief linen, with a trimming of lace, tucks and embroidery. The bodice

shows a liberal use of the narrow insertion, this outlining the novel yoke, forming the belt and a good portion of the sleeves. The bottom of the skirt is elaborate with alternate rows of tucking and lace, two bands of insertion above this forming a deep scalloping that may head a wide flounce or only simulate one.

For a thin white muslin, swiss, organdy or marquisette this model is ideal and there are many ways of varying the trimming. For instance, the whole upper portion of the bodice may be made of an all over lace and the scalloping of the belt and the insertion on the skirt might be replaced with straight bands.

With any thin material an underslip is required, and if good use and an elegant effect are wished it had better be of silk. Silkaline will also give a pretty and graceful effect for the underslip.

Mary Dean

Do You Know

That walking skirts are a trifle longer than they were last season?

That the queen of England has forbidden the wearing of the hobble or harem skirt in her court?

That the satin scarf is one of the most graceful and the most useful of the spring fashions?

That the empire waist line in tailored suits is extremely modish?

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STATEHOOD BILLS FAIL TO PASS THE SENATE

Arizona's Adherence to Recall for Judiciary the Snag on Which the Bills Hang--Interesting History of Fight for Statehood of Last Remaining Territories.

Special to Telegram.

(By JONATHAN WINFIELD.)

Washington, July 22.—Arizona and New Mexico, the two remaining territories within the boundaries of the United States, are destined to wait until another Congress meets before they can expect statehood. Neither one of them will be admitted to the Union during the present extra session.

This is true in spite of the fact that both territories have been knocking at the door of the Union for twenty years. It is true in spite of the additional fact that an enabling act has been passed, constitutional conventions have met, constitutions have been adopted and ratified by the people.

The whole difficulty lies in the fact that Arizona wants to incorporate in its fundamental law the power to recall judges. But for this stumbling block these territories would have received statehood at the last session of Congress. But for it they would be admitted now and authorized to organize themselves into States.

But the obstacle remains and will hinder the passage of the amendments to the enabling act proposed by the House and adopted in that body. Senator Smith of Michigan, chairman of the Senate Committee on Territories, has made the statement that the Senate will never agree to the proposition offered in the House for admitting Arizona. That means a deadlock and a deadlock means no action.

The legislative situation is just this: Arizona, acting under the original enabling act, drafted and ratified a constitution, the most radical feature of which was a section providing that the recall apply to the judiciary of the State, as well as to any other officers in the commonwealth.

This feature was bitterly attacked in the last Congress when the constitution was submitted for the approval of that body. This approval was necessary, as well as that of the President, before a proclamation admitting the territory to the Union could be issued.

The fight over the recall centered in the Senate. The House agreed to leave the matter entirely to the people, but the Senate refused to do so. As a result the vote on the admission bill was postponed until the last hours of the Congress. Then it was that Senator Owen of Oklahoma, seeing that New Mexico was about to be admitted and Arizona was not, successfully filibustered against both measurees and prevented their passage.

This brought the matter over until the organization of the sixty-second Congress. Then the extra session was called the advocates of statehood both in and out of Congress, prepared to press the matter along with reciprocity. The Democratic House in caucus placed the measure on its program, and in due time both of them passed.

The House amendments to the enabling act, however, provide that Arizona should vote again on its constitution, and if after a second vote the people still wanted the recall of judges, then their constitution was to automatically become operative. This measure seemed to have the approval of the President at the time it was introduced. At any rate the House committee which considered it went upon the assumption that the President would sign such a measure.

Now, however, the Senate Committee on Territories has reported out the House bill with the announcement that an amendment will be offered to the Arizona enabling act providing that the territory shall again vote on its constitution, and if it rejects the recall of judges section, the territory may become a State automatically .

There is a wide difference, therefore, in the two propositions. One provides that the troublesome section may be incorporated, if the people say so, and the other provides that the people must positively reject it. There seems to be no ground upon which the House and Senate may get together, within the short time now remaining of the session.

This is the present legislative situation. Congress is now expected to adjourn within another month, and it will be impossible to pass the House measure in the Senate on account of the filibuster already threatened. This filibuster will operate as the previous one did. It will keep New Mexico out of the Union just as it kept that territory out before.

These two territories are linked in this legislation for political reasons solely. New Mexico is Republican. Arizona is Democratic. When they are admitted the political division of the House and Senate will be unchanged. Two new Democratic Senators and two new Republican Senators will take their oath. One Democrat and one Republican will begin service in the House.

Therefore the Democrats are opposed to the admission of New Mexico until Arizona can be proclaimed a State also. The Republicans are against the admission of Arizona until New Mexico can receive statehood. That is why the two territories are coupled. That is why one party filibusters against one territory in order to promote statehood for the other.

These western people, however, are not discouraged. They have the pledges of both national parties in favor of Statehood. The last national conventions adopted platforms endorsing the movement, and the citizens of the territories will keep on demanding statehood until they get it.

The next session of Congress will find the issue on top again. It will have to be wrestled with all over again, and the recall of judges will again be debated with vigor and much use of time. Arizona could solve the whole peculiar problem by declaring voluntarily for the renunciation on the recall section. This territory, however, is not inclined to yield on this point. It wants the recall and will demand the right to frame a constitution according to the ideas of its citizens.

Hay Fever and Summer Colds

Must be relieved quickly and Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will do it. E. M. Stewart, 1034 Wolfram St., Chicago, writes: "I have been greatly troubled during the hot summer months with Hay Fever and find that by using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound I get great relief." Many others who suffer similarly will be glad to benefit by Mr. Stewart's experience. Howard Gardner.

STATE COUNCIL OF JUNIORS CONVENES SOON IN ASHEVILLE

Asheville, July 22.—The members of the Jr. O. U. A. M. of Asheville, are looking forward with keen interest to the meeting here August 22 of the State Council. It is expected that there will be in attendance when the State Council meets at least 700 to 800 representatives and convention visitors, and the Juniors are determined that the visitors shall have the best time of their lives. The local committee on arrangements for the meeting of the State Council is sending out hundreds of Asheville booklets and other literature relative to this section and many prominent Juniors have signified their intention to be present regardless of whether they are delegates or not. Among those who will have a place on the program are such men as Locke Craig, William J. Cocke, Junius G. Adams and Representative Robert R. Williams of Asheville; L. T. Hartsell of Concord, State Councilor; R. T. Pool of Troy, National Warden; Judge N. L. Eure, of Greensboro, and Col. Z. P. Smith of Fayetteville.

Foley Kidney Pills are composed of ingredients specially selected for their corrective, healing, tonic, and stimulating effect upon the kidneys, bladder and urinary passages. They are antiseptic, antilithic and a uric acid solvent. Howard Gardner.

"I hear they have a family skeleton."

"Yes. She was in the surf this morning."—Louisville Courier Journal.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound

Is effective for coughs and colds in either children or grown persons. No opiates, no harmful drugs. In the yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Howard Gardner|

When a girl who gets seasick is anxious to go out sailing with a man it's a sign she is more anxious to get married.

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From Rev. H. Stubenvoll, Allison, Ia., in praise of Dr. King's New Life Pills:

"They're such a health necessity,
In every home they should be,
If other kinds you've tried in vain,
USE DR. KING'S
And be well again. Only 25c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

A man could let a thousand friends into a good thing without ever thinking of letting one of his own family in.

"They say that Rockefeller is so rich that his fortune increases a thousand francs every time his watch ticks."

"Good gracious! If I were he, I should be in a continual fright lest someone should steal my watch."—Pele Mele.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

TRADE COMMISSION PROPOSED BY NEWLANDS

Nevada Senator's Plan for Controlling Corporations Excites Great Interest—Newland's Bill Provides for Commission Composed of Five Members.

Special to Telegram.

(By SIDNEY ESPEY.)

Washington, July 22.—One of the most important measures brought to the attention of the present Congress, after the Canadian reciprocity and the tariff bills, is the bill introduced by Senator Francis Griffith Newlands of Nevada, to establish an Interstate Trade Commission, which is planned to exercise control over corporations engaged in interstate commerce along lines of the work of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Senator Newlands has given the matter a great deal of thought, and, being recognized throughout the country as one of the most advanced thinkers in the Senate, his views have attracted a great deal of attention among financiers and in the press. Since the introduction of the bill a number of men prominent in the world of finance have written to him some of them commending the bill, others discussing its various features, and several have been to Washington to confer with him, not the least of whom is George W. Perkins, who recently retired from the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., to devote himself to philanthropic work.

President Taft has in the past recommended a national incorporation law, and while he may not go so far as to adopt the Newlands trade commission idea, it not improbable that in his next annual message he will expand his own plan for the national incorporation of the big corporations somewhat along the lines suggested by the Nevada Senator.

The Interstate Commerce Act was passed before Senator Newlands entered the House of Representatives 18 years ago, but he played a prominent part in shaping the legislation which vitalized the Commission and extended its powers both while in the House, and in the Senate as a member of the Committee on Interstate Commerce.

The Newlands bill provides for a Commission of five members, of whom no more than three shall be of the same political party. Recognizing the value of the present Bureau of Corporations and its staff of trained investigators who are as good in their line as those of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Senator Newlands proposes to transfer the Bureau of Corporations to the Interstate Trade Commission, and the Commissioner of Corporations shall be ex-officio a member of the Commission for the first two years. To avoid loading it down with unnecessary details and minor matters, it is proposed that the Commissoin shall have jurisdiction only over corporations whose gross annual receipts exceed $5,000,000, although smaller corporations may place themselves voluntarily under the jurisdiction of the Commission if they wish to benefit by the law.

The corporations are to furnish statements showing such facts as to organization, financial condition, and questions as may be prescribed by regulations adopted by the commission, and such corporations are to be registered and known as "United States Registered Corportion," which fact may be used in connection with their securities, operations and advertising. They will be required to report from time to time and to grant access to the agents of the commission to all their records, accounts and other books and papers. Such information regarding corporations of a quasi-public character as the Commission may deem proper is to be made public. A drastic provision gives authority to the Commission to revoke and cancel the registration of any corporation on the ground of violation of any judicial decree rendered under the Sherman anti-trust act or of the Wilson act, or of improper financial organization and issuing of securities, the use of materially unfair or oppressive methods of competition or for the acceptance of discriminations, rebates or concessions from the railroads, "or of such other material improper business transactions as may from time to time be prohibited by regulation."

The Commission is authorized to require any corporation held to be materially over-capitalized, to re-adjust its securities or assets to correct such over-capitalization. In addition to cancellation of registration, the Commission is authorized to forbid such corporations from engaging in interstate commerce.

Senator Newlands takes the ground that the States, byt the incorporation in the constitution of the provision giving Federal government jurisdiction over interstate commerce, intended that the Federal government should exercise such jurisdiction, which the latter has not done to its full extent. He holds there is no doubt of the power of the Federal government to regulate the corporations by means of a commission as proposed, and does not believe the States will object, as they long since indicated their desire to rest the matter in the hands of the Federal government.

Senator Clapp who is chairman of the Committee on Interstate Commerce, heartily approves a measure on the lines proposed by Senator Newlands, and the plan is regarded with favor by Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith.

Escaped With His Life.

"Twenty-one years ago I faced an awful death," writes H. B. Martin, Port Harrelson, S. C. "Doctors said I had consumption and the dreadful cough I had looked like it, sure enough. I tried everything I could hear of, for my cough, and was under the treatment of the best doctor in Georgetown, S. C., for a year, but could get no relief. A friend advised me to try Dr. King's New Discovery. I did so, and was completely cured. I feel that I owe my life to this great throat and lung cure." Its positively guaranteed for coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections. 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottle free at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Judge—You are charged with beating your wife. What have you to say?

Prisoner—Not guilty. If I could lick her I'd be the White Hope.—Puck.

Kill More Than Wild Beasts.

The number of people killed yearly by wild beasts don't approach the vast number killed by disease germs. They're in air, water, dust, even food. But grand protection is afforded by Electric Bitters, which destroy and expel these deadly disease germs from the system. That's why chills, fever and ague, all malarial and many blood diseases yield promptly to this wonderful blood purifier. Try them, and enjoy the glorious health and new strength they'll give you. Money back, if not satisfied. Only 50c. at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Our idea of a true friend is one who will listen to your talk when you don't say anything.

A Peek Into His Pocket.

would show the box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve that E. S. Loper, a carpenter, of Marilla, N. Y., always carries. "I have never had a cut, wound, bruise, or sore it would not soon heal," he writes. Greatest healer of burns, boils, scalds, chapped hands and lips, fever-sores, skin-eruptions, eczema, corns and piles. 25c. at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

TO MAKE GOOD CAKE

SOME RULES THAT SIMPLY MUST BE OBSERVED.

Proper Temperature of Oven One of the Most Important Points—Different Confections Require Varying Degrees of Heat.

First attention should be given to the oven, making sure that the fire is not too hot, and will remain even until the baking is done. Unless you have control of your fire do not attempt to bake cake.

Loaf cake requires less heat than thin cakes. If the oven is too hot at first or is suddenly cooled while the cake is baking the cake will be heavy. Loaf cake should bake as long again as thin cake. Divide the time of baking into quarters. The first quarter should show a rising, with the edges higher than the center; the second a continued even rising, with a slight brown tint; the third a deeper brown, and the last a shrinking and settling. If your cake rises and cracks in the center you are using too much flour; when it browns before rising, the oven is too hot.

How to Put Butter Cake Mixture Together—Cream the butter with hand or a large spoon, add sugar and cream again until very light. When the proportion of butter is small it may be put in with the eggs and sugar. Beat the yolks until light yellow, add to butter and sugar and beat again. Add flavoring and then a little milk, then a little flour, a little milk again, and so on until the milk and flour are all used, and beat vigorously until your mixture is smooth. Add lastly the beaten whites. Fruit should be added last, and fruit cake mixtures should be a little stiffer with flour.

Sponge Cake Mixtures—Beat the yolks until they are a light yellow and creamy and slowly beat in the sugar. Add flavoring and liquid and beat again. Beat the whites until stiff and fold it without beating. Add flour lastly with as little stirring as possible, as it makes the cake tough. Always follow these directions and cake failures will never be known.

Wonder What The A. & P. Says Today?

FREE! A VERY handy, rotating and double-acting

EGG BEATER FREE WITH

2 pounds of Coffee at.....25c. lb
Or 1 can of A. & P. Baking Powder at .. ..50c. can
Or 2 Bottles of A. & P. Extract at .. ..25c. each
Or 1 pound of Tea at 50c., 60c., or 70c.
Or 50c. worth of the above goods

Mid-Summer Specials

One Week Only, July 24th to 29th

A. & P. Laundry Soap, 8 cakes.....25c	Fairy Soap, a cake....4c
Peanut Butter, a jar..10c	Asparagus, a can....26c
Pea Beans, a pound..4c	Imported Sardines, 2 cans 25c

Baker's Premium Chocolate, a Pound.....32c

Domestic Sardines, 3 cans 10c | Clothes Pins, 100 for 10c

A. & P. Salad Dressing, a Bottle.....10c

Grated Pineapple, a Can.....14c

Phone 268
326 South Elm Street

THE GREAT ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TEA CO.

Church News

Friends, Lee and Asheboro streets: Services 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Preaching by James R. Jones. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Peace study class Wednesday at 8 p. m.

Primitive Baptist: Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m. by Elder O. J. Denny. Public welcome.

Asheboro Street Baptist: Preaching by pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Morning subject "Christian Indebtedness." Night subject "A Man Without a Vision."

Grace M. P.: Sunday school and Baraca class, 9:45 a. m. Preaching service, 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m., by the pastor, T. J. Ogburn.

First Lutheran: Preaching by the pastor, Rev. J. E. Shenk, at the Y. W. C. A., 118½ North Elm street at 11 a. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

Spring Garden Street M. E., J. W. Long, pastor: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Preaching, 11 a. m. by Rev. J. S. Ryang, of Korea. Epworth League, 8 p. .m

Holy Trinity Episcopal, Rev. Thos. G. Faulkner, rector: Morning prayer and sermon, 11 a. m.; evening prayer, 8 p. m. Litany service, Friday, 6. p. m.

Moravian, East Lee street, between Arlington and Asheboro streets: Sunday school, 9:45. No morning preaching service. Evening Liturgy and sermon, 8:15. The public very cordially invited. Rev. C. E. White, pastor.

First Baptist, J. Clyde Turner, pastor, F. P. Hobgood, Jr., superintendent Sunday school. Services as follows: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Regular services, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Subject for discussion: "Faith in God, and Christ as a Public Speaker."

Forest Avenue Baptist—Rev. R. G. Kendrick, Jr., pastor: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Services 11 am and 8:15 p. m., conducted by the pastor. The ordinance of baptism administered at the evening service. Prayer service Wednesday 8: 15 p. m. B. Y. P. U., 8:15 Friday. All will find a cordial welcome.

First Reformed, West Lee street, Rev. Shuford Peeler, pastor: 9:45 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., special sermon to fathers and mothers by the pastor. The male qquartette will sing several selections. 8:15 p. m., sermon by the pastor, subject, "Six Things the Lord Hates." Special sermon to young people. Public cordially invited.

Centenary Methodist, Rev. D. M. Litaker, pastor: Sunday school, Baraca, Philathea and Wesley classes, 9:30. Preaching by the pastor, 11 a. m. At 8:30 p. m. Rev. J. S. Ryang, a Korean student of Vanderbilt University, will make an address on Korea illustrated with views of the country. The public is invited to all services.

Bessemer Avenue Presbyterian, Bessemer avnue, near North Elm street: Sabbath school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching, 8 p. m. by Rev. R. Murphy Williams.

Church of the Covenant, Presbyterian, corner Walker avenue and S. Mendenhall street, Rev. R. Murphy Williams, minister: Sabbath school, 9:45 a. m.; preaching, 11 a. m. by the pastor, subject: "The Triumph of Faith Over Feeling." The public is most cordially invited to attend these services.

Westminster, Presbyterian, Asheboro street, near East Lee, Rev. C. E. Hodgin, minister: Sabbath school, 9:45 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., by the pastor. Public cordially invited to these services.

At West Market Tonight.

Tonight's service at West Market Street Methodist church will be devoted to the recent Young People's Conference held in Asheville. Delegates to the conference will make short and interesting reports of the proceedings. The public invited.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FREE! FREE!

To Boys, Girls and Fans

The Greensboro Telegram will distribute next Monday, July 24th, at its office on South Davie Street, at ten o'clock all the copies left of "Facts For Fans" ABSOLUTELY FREE—FIRST COME FIRST SERVED. One to every applicant as long as they last.

KODAK

Whether you go to the mountains or the seashore you will miss half the pleasures of your vacation unless you take a Kodak with you. Prices range 1 to 20 dollars.

FARRIS-KLUTZ DRUG COMPANY.

Still have a supply of Seasonable Summer Goods, Genuine Porcelain Lined Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Tools of different kinds, different kinds of water coolers, The King Fly Killer, Lawn Hose, Lawn Mowers, Reap Hooks, and many other useful articles.

Yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.,

Phone 131 221 South Elm St

Drink Mt. Vernon Springs Mineral Water and be Healthy

5 Gallon Bottles for $1.00

FORDHAM'S DRUG STORE

514 South Elm St. C. C. Fordham, Prop.

The Fire Has Not Put Us Entirely Out Of Business

We can be found on Ashe Street, with a good supply of Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Framing, Sheeting, Shingles, Plaster, Lime, Laths, Mouldings, Stock Doors and Sash. Paroid Roofing and Building Paper, also a good stock of glass.

Send in or phone orders—will serve promptly.

Guilford Lumber Manufacturing Co.

PHONE 6

Greensboro, North Carolina

DIAMOND DUST

Charlotte here Monday.

Guess Swindell won't beg Clancy to let him pitch against the Patriots any more.

You laughed at us dope writers when we talked of taking the series, but we are laughing at you now, Winston.

The first game of a series of three with Charlotte will take place at Cone park Monday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

Swindell is a splendid pitcher but no man can hold out working as he has worked so far this season. It is no wild talk to predict that he will lose more games than he will win the remainder of the season.

PATRIOTS DRIVE SWINDELL FROM THE PITCHER'S KNOLL

Retired at End of Fifth After He Walked a Man Home---Third of Series With Winston Taken by Score of 5 to 1.

The idol is shattered. His feet is found to be of very common clay and his stuffing is all saw-dust and excelsior. There is no balm in Gilead for the Winstonites or for the mighty Swindell. It is a sad, sad story—that is for Winston; but in Greensboro there are many jubilant ones and numerous happy hearts for Greensboro has taken three straights from Winston, and is only about two games behind in the percentage column.

With the score 4 to 1 in favor of Greensboro the mighty Swindell retired from the box at the end of the fifth inning yesterday. In the beginning of the sixth Clancy's new southpaw, Hardfrandt, came on the mound. Doyle's men found him easy also and the locals connected safely with his curves for five hits, but largely on account of Rickard's poor base-running only one run was secured off the new man. The final score thus was 5 to 1.

Jesse Eldridge was on the knoll for the the locals and he followed the pace set by his colleagues, Morrisey and Walters, on Thursday and Friday. He held the Twin batters to eight well scattered hits and walked nary a man. The one run by the visitors was made on an error, and but for this "Rube" would have had a shut-out game. For his work Reuben was presented with a nice purse last night by some of the more loyal fans.

One of the largest crowds of the season witnessed the contest. All available seating room was taken and many others stood along the bleacher fences. There was a sprinkling of Winston fans, who were rather noisy until the fatal fourth, when they gently subsided and were as silent as death.

Swindell started off well, and in the first two innings only three men faced him each time. Reuben also was going at a lively clip. In the second a bad throw of Doyle's and Fuller's fumble let Shumaker score. In the third Clancy's fumble permitted Carroll to get to second, and the latter was sacrificed to third by Stuart and scored as Eldridge went out at first. Thus, the first on each side was unearned.

The fourth was when Swindell went up in the air. Fuller was given a free pass. Clapp landed on the horsehide for two bases, advancing Fuller to third. Then Lowman pasted the sphere for a single, Fuller and Clapp tallying. In the next inning Carroll led off with a single. Stuart bunted to Swindell, who threw to second to catch Carroll. Carroll made it safely, but overran the base and was out. Eldridge got his perennial Texas leaguer, advancing Stuart. Rickard walked and the bases were crowded. Then the mighty Swindell gave Fuller a free pass, forcing in Stuart. Doak fouled out, retiring the side. This was the last of Swindell.

Hardfrandt did very well his first inning, but in the seventh three hits were obtained off him, and the locals' score would no doubt have been increased but for the punk base-running of Rickard. In the eighth another run was added by the locals, Fuller getting a base on balls, going to third on Doak's single and scoring on Carroll's hit.

The fielding of both teams was good, and the game abounded in brilliant brilliant plays.

The official score:

Greensboro—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Rickard, cf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	1	1	6	0
Fuller, 1b.	1	2	0	11	0	1
Doak, 3b.	4	0	1	1	4	0
Clapp, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Lowman, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Carroll, ss.	2	1	1	5	4	0
Stuart, c.	2	1	2	7		00
Eldridge, p.	3	0	1	0	4	0
Totals	26	5	9	27	18	1

Winston-Salem—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Clemens, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
O'Halloran, 2b.	4	0	1	4	1	0
Clancy, ss.	3	0	1	4	6	1
Shumaker, cf	4	1	3	0	1	0
Gates, 3b.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Brockman, 1b.	4	0	1	9	0	0
Daly, c.	4	0	0	5	4	0
Stewart, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Swindell, p.	2	0	2	0	3	0
Hardfrandt, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
*Boyle	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	1	8	24	17	1

*Batted for Stewart in 9th.

By innings: R.

Greensboro 001 210 01x—5

Winston-Salem 010 000 000—1

Summary — Two-base hits—Clapp, Shumaker. Sacrifice hits—Stuart, Gates (2). Bases on balls—off Swindell 5, off Hardfrandt 1. Struck out—by Eldridge 5, by Swindell 3, by Hardfrandt 1. Hits divided, 4 off Swindell in 5 innings; 5 off Hardfrandt in 3 innings; 8 off Eldridge in 9 innings. Double play—Doyle to Carroll to Fuller. Time of game—1 hour and 46 minutes. Umpires—Wilkinson and Nugent. Attendance—2,000.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Carolina Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Winston	48	26	.649
GREENSBORO	46	29	.613
Charlotte	36	40	.474
Anderson	33	42	.440
Spartanburg	31	41	.431
Greenville	29	45	.392

American.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	59	27	.686
Philadelphia	54	31	.635
Chicago	44	40	.524
New York	44	41	.518
Cleveland	46	44	.511
Boston	44	44	.500
Washington	29	58	.333
St. Louis	25	60	.294

National.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	51	31	.622
Philadelphia	52	33	.612
New York	50	34	.595
St. Louis	49	35	.583
Pittsburg	47	37	.560
Cincinnati	40	47	.460
Brooklyn	31	52	.373
Boston	26	66	.283

Southern.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New Orleans	54	30	.643
Montgomery	45	41	.523
Birmingham	45	42	.517
Nashville	46	43	.517
Memphis	44	43	.506
Chattanooga	42	45	.483
Mobile	38	48	.442
Atlanta	32	52	.381

There should be good crowds out to see the team get back at Charlotte. We owe it to take three straights from the Hornets. The team should not rest on its oars; neither should the lovers of the game stay at home and fail to help the team with their enthusiasm and interest.

When in doubt it is sometimes best to sidestep your doubt and go ahead.

LAVAL'S HOME RUN WON GAME FOR SPARTANBURG

Greenville, July 22.—Although the locals out hit and out fielded the Spartans they lost the game 3 to 2. Both pitchers were good. Sacrifice flies opportunely with men on the sacks scored the first two runs and Manager Laval's home run won the game for the visitors in the ninth. An error and a long sacrifice scored the first of the Spartans runs, two singles and a sacrifice fly the second and a homer the third. For the locals, a double, and a sacrifice gave one, and a single a passed ball and an error gave the last.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

Spartanburg 100 000 101—3 5 2

Greenville 000 100 001—2 7 1

Batteries: Coombs and Westlake; Bussey and Kite. Umpire, O'Brien.

RESULTS OF BIG LEAGUE GAMES

National.

At Philadelphia:	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	5	11	3
Philadelphia	2	5	1

At New York:	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	2	7	4
New York	10	10	1

At Boston:	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	3	6	1
Boston	1	5	7

At Brooklyn:	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	1	3
Brooklyn	1	2	0

American.

At Chicago:	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	4	8	7
Chicago	5	6	0

At Cleveland:	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	3	
Cleveland	6	9	0

At St. Louis:	R.	H.	E.
Washington	4	7	1
St. Louis	6	10	2

At New York:	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	7	16	4
New York	8	14	2

Southern.

At Atlanta—First game: Birmingham 00, Atlanta 2; second game: Birmingham 1, Atlanta 0.

At Nashville—First game: Montgomery 5, Nashville 7; Second game: Montgomery 6, Nashville 10.

At Chattanooga—First game: New Orleans 5, Chattanooga 3; second game: New Orleans 2, Chattanooga 0.

At Memphis—First game: Mobile 0, Memphis 1; second game: Mobile 2, Memphis 9.

The man who never does any work is always planning a vacation.

$3.65 $3.65

NORFOLK, VA.

AND RETURN

On the Southern's Great Annual Excursion Leaving Greensboro

7:00 P. M., Wednesday, August 2, 1911

This elegantly equipped train with Pullman cars and coaches, with separate cars for colored people, is due to arrive at Norfolk 5:35 A. M. August 3rd. Leave Norfolk 7:00 P. M. August 4th. TWO DAYS and ONE NIGHT at the wonderful Seashore and pleasure resorts.

Apply for Pullman reservations early. For detail information consult nearest agent, or address, W. H. McGLAMERY, P. & T. A. Greensboro, N. C.

CHARLOTTE TAKES SNAPPY GAME FROM ANDERSON

Charlotte, July 22.—The Hornets took the last game from Anderson 3 to 0 in rather pretty contest. Kuhl, a new Kellyite, was in box and fanned nine men allowing 8 hits. Errors got him in a hole in the first, else the locals would not have scored but once and that in the sixth. Hankie was in good form for the locals and yielded only four hits, keeping the visitors at safe stage during the game. McMillan's fielding was fast and snappy. Childers, a new man on third for Anderson, hit one to the left boards and was held on second by McMillan's excellent work.

Score: R. H.

Anderson 0 4

Charlotte 3 8

Every mother's son of us has relatives he doesn't like.

Nothing short of a driving rain will move the end seat hog.

She Sacrificed

—One Sunny Disposition
—One Sound Constitution
—One Clear Complexion
—And the Sparkle of a Pair of Eyes

The altar was an ancient cook stove. The time, July and August.

The rest of the family who called her mother saw what was going on after it was too late.

Moral—Don't permit any woman you care for to cook for your family on anything but a good gas range, especially during the torrid days of July and August.

Buy her a Cabinet Gas Range—one that will do away with the drudgery of handling fuel and ashes; one that will shorten her cooking hours and insure a cool kitchen.

Order a Cabinet Range. Small monthly payments if desired. Range delivered and connected free.

313—PHONE—331

North Carolina Public Service Company

SACRED CONCERT—LINDLEY PARK

Hood's Orchestra This Afternoon 3:30 O'Clock